

Meisterklasse HfM Karlsruhe

Music Information Retrieval

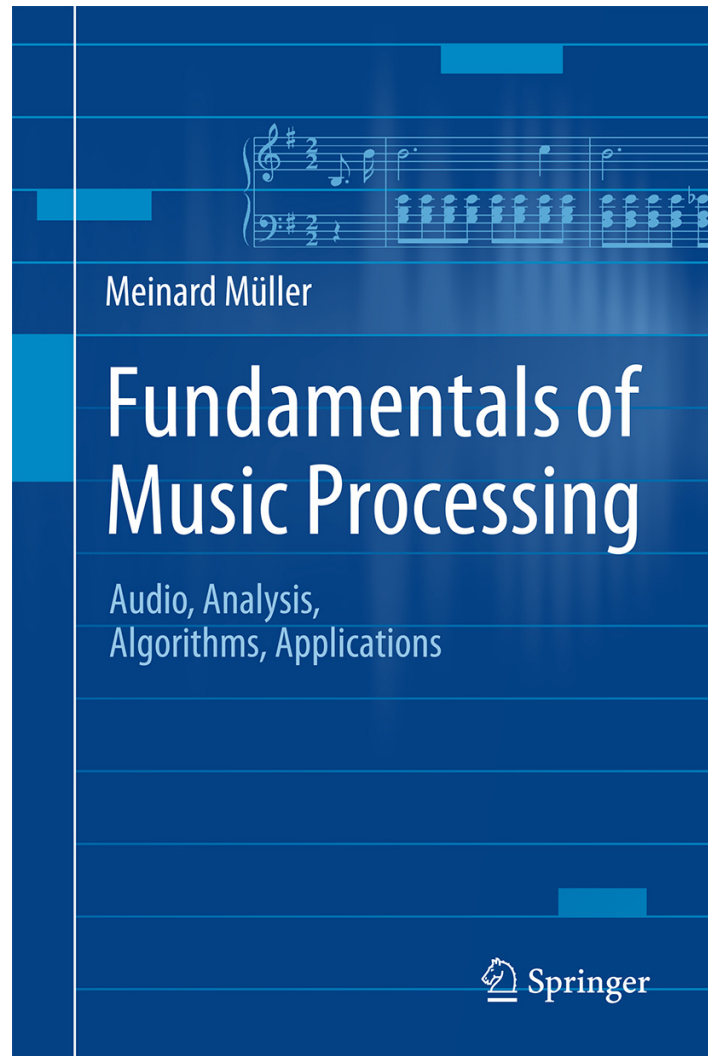
Harmony Analysis

Meinard Müller, Christof Weiss

International Audio Laboratories Erlangen

meinard.mueller@audiolabs-erlangen.de, christof.weiss@audiolabs-erlangen.de

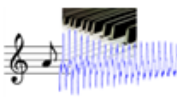
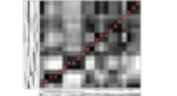
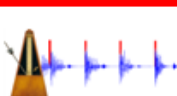
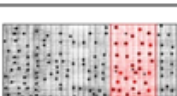
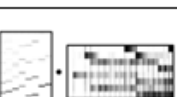
Book: Fundamentals of Music Processing



Meinard Müller
Fundamentals of Music Processing
Audio, Analysis, Algorithms, Applications
483 p., 249 illus., hardcover
ISBN: 978-3-319-21944-8
Springer, 2015

Accompanying website:
www.music-processing.de

Book: Fundamentals of Music Processing

Chapter		Music Processing Scenario
1		Music Representations
2		Fourier Analysis of Signals
3		Music Synchronization
4		Music Structure Analysis
5		Chord Recognition
6		Tempo and Beat Tracking
7		Content-Based Audio Retrieval
8		Musically Informed Audio Decomposition

Meinard Müller

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Dissertation: Tonality-Based Style Analysis

Christof Weiß

Computational Methods for Tonality-Based Style Analysis of
Classical Music Audio Recordings

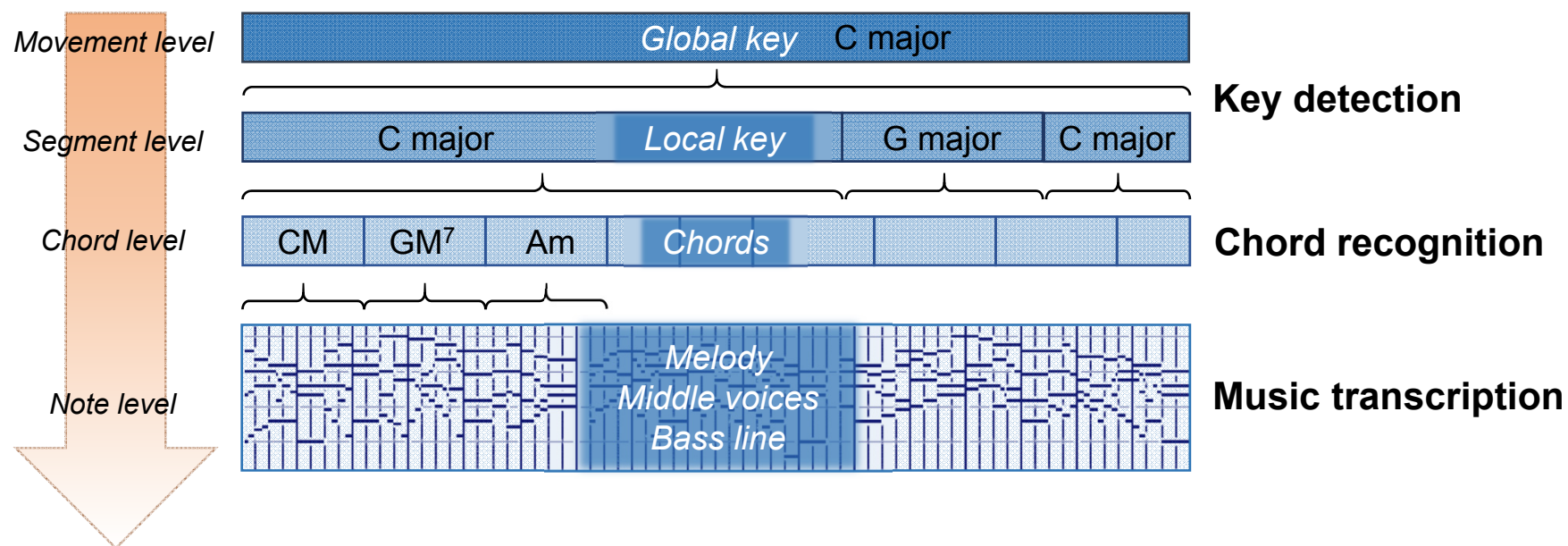
Dissertation, Technical University of Ilmenau 2017

to appear

Chapter 5: Analysis Methods for Key and Scale Structures

Chapter 6: Design of Tonal Features

Tonal Structures

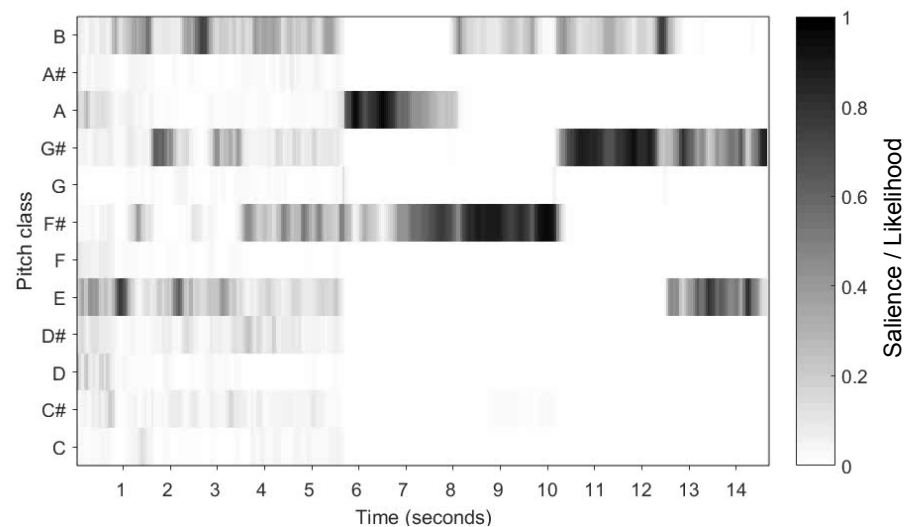


Recall: Chroma Representations

Ouvertüre zu Fidelio Ludwig van Beethoven

Allegro Adagio

2 Flauti
2 Oboi
2 Clarinetti
in A
2 Fagotti
Corni in E
I II
III IV
2 Trombe
in C
Trombone
Tenore
Trombone
Basso
Timpani
in E-H
Violino I
Violino II
Viola
Violoncello
Contrabasso



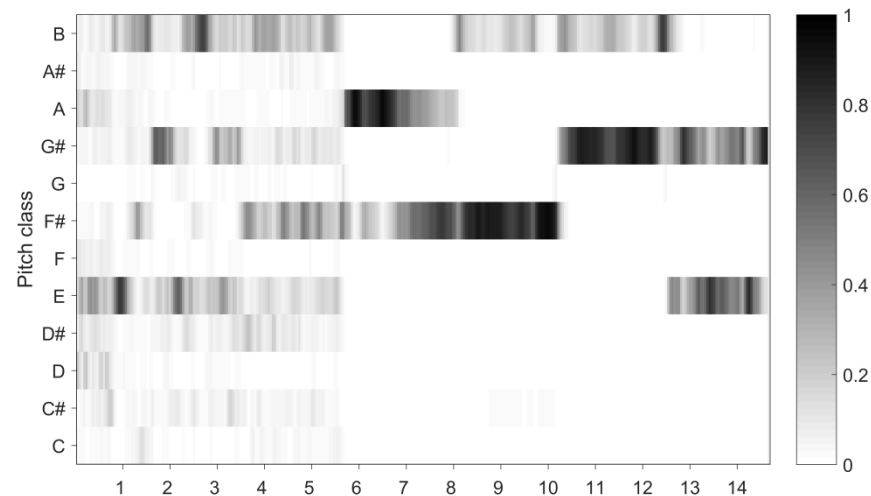
L. van Beethoven,
Fidelio, Overture,
Slovak Philharmonic

Recall: Chroma Representations

- Orchestra



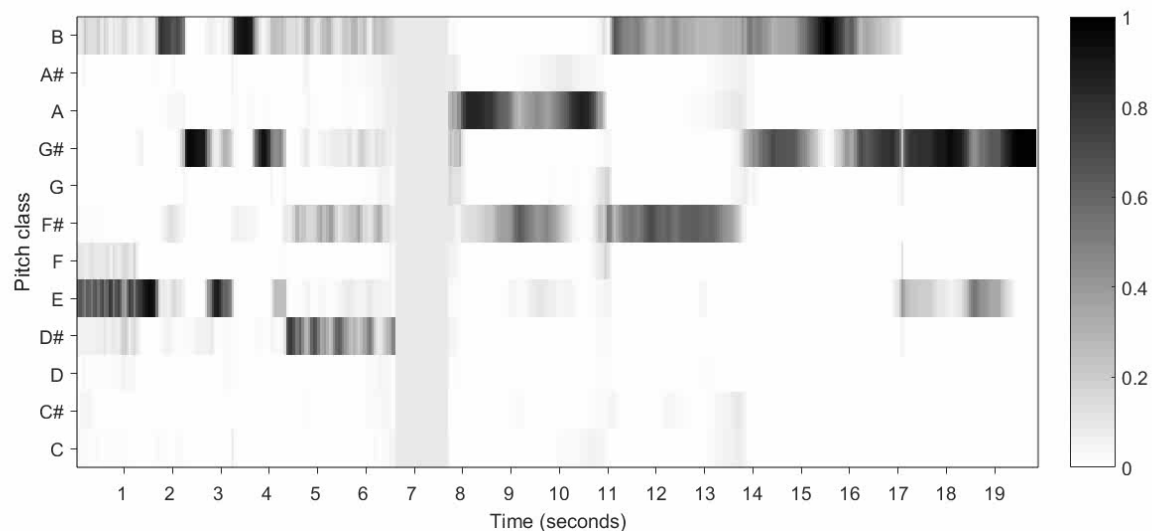
L. van Beethoven,
Fidelio, Overture,
Slovak Philharmonic



- Piano



Fidelio, Overture,
arr. Alexander Zemlinsky
M. Namekawa, D.R. Davie
piano four hands

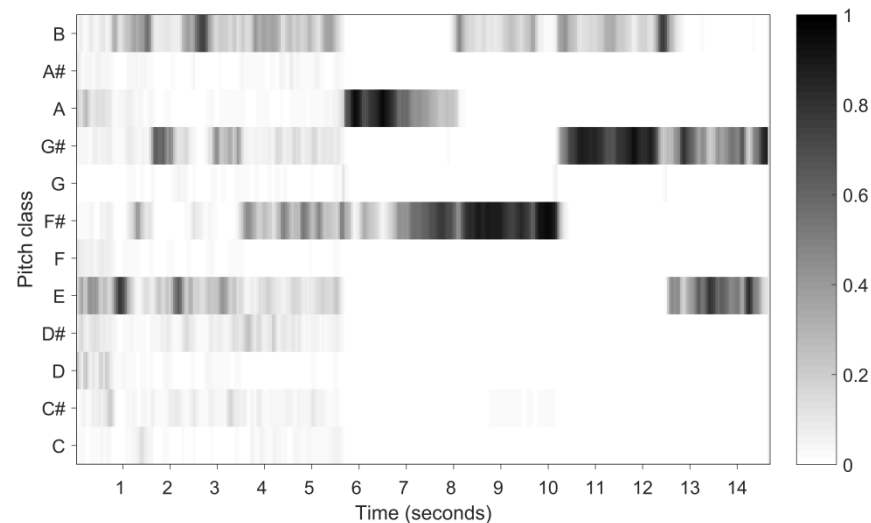


Recall: Chroma Representations

- Orchestra



L. van Beethoven,
Fidelio, Overture,
Slovak Philharmonic



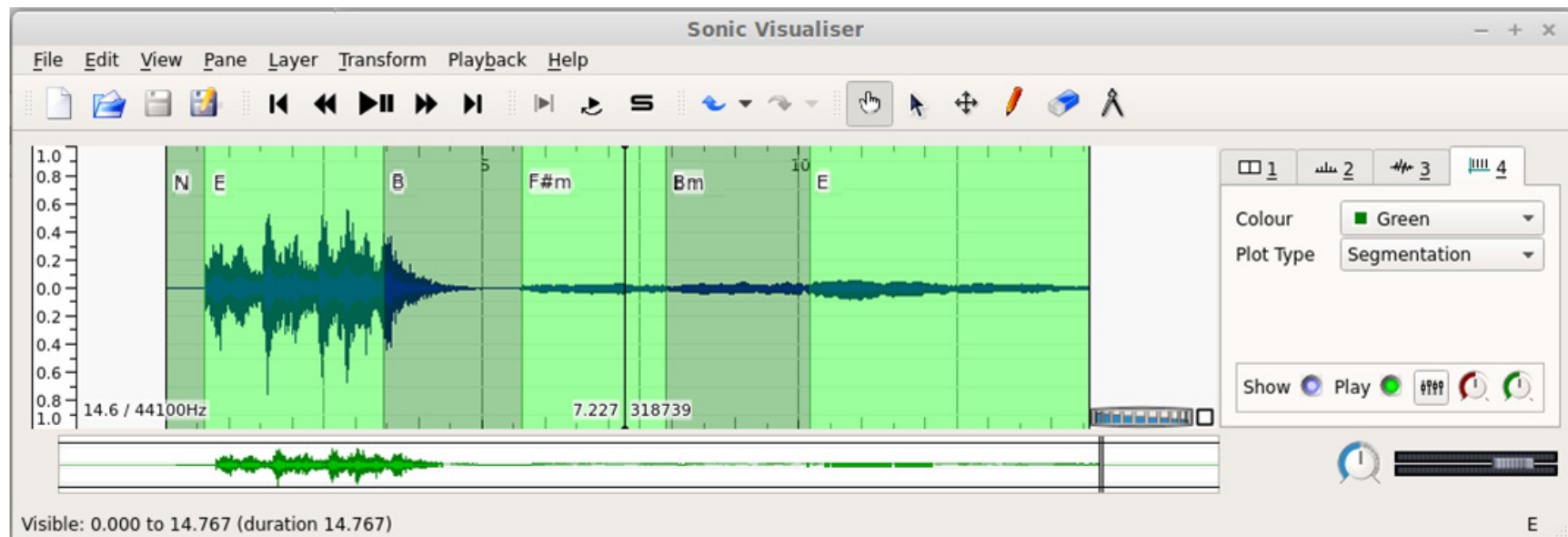
Gómez, *Tonal Description of Polyphonic Audio*, PhD thesis, Barcelona 2006

Müller / Ewert, *Towards Timbre-Invariant Audio Features for Harmony-Based Music*, IEEE TASLP, 2010

Mauch / Dixon, *Approximate Note Transcription for the Improved Identification of Difficult Chords*, ISMIR 2010

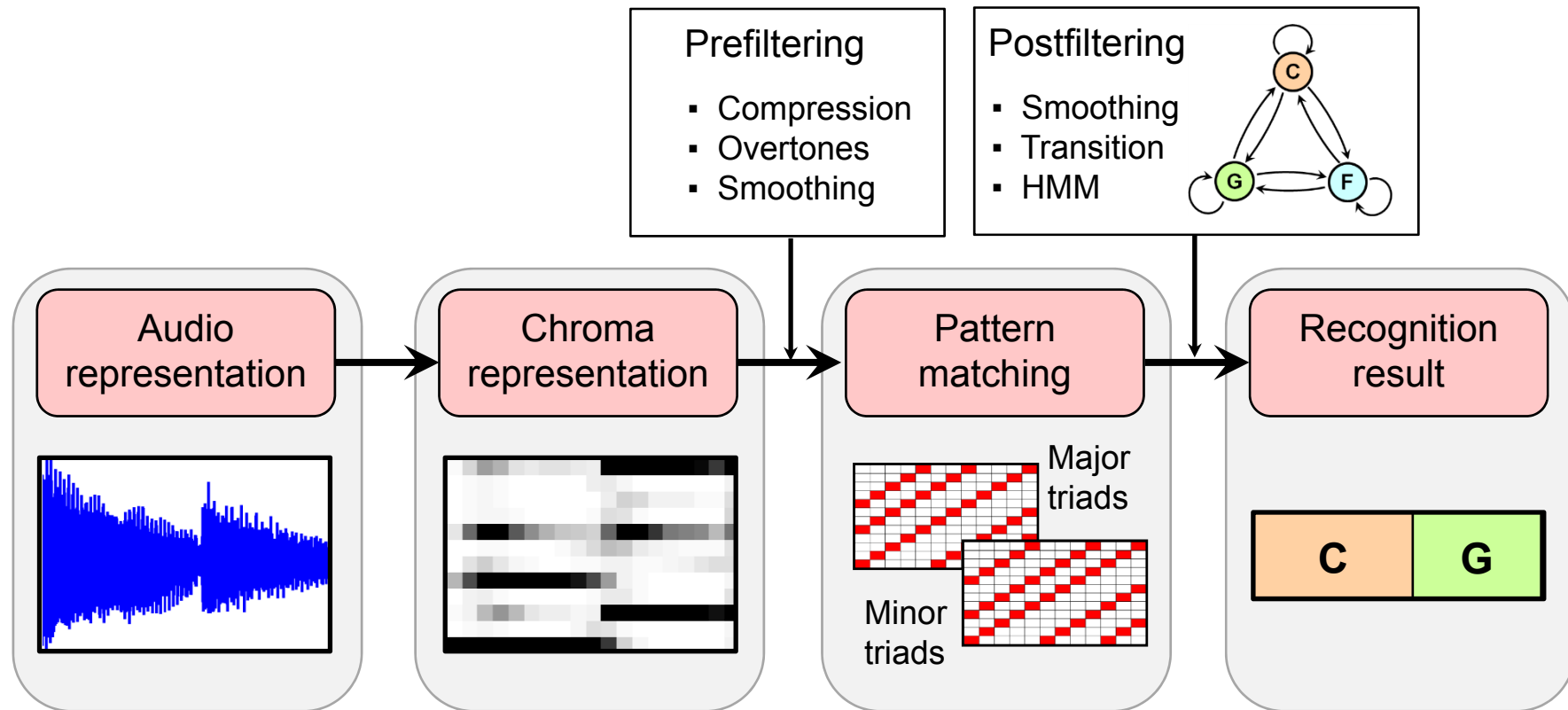
Tonal Structures: Chords

- Chord recognition
 - Typically: Feature extraction, pattern matching, filtering (HMM)
 - „Out-of-the-box“ solutions

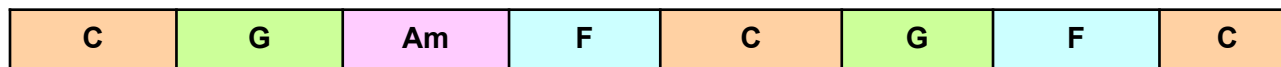
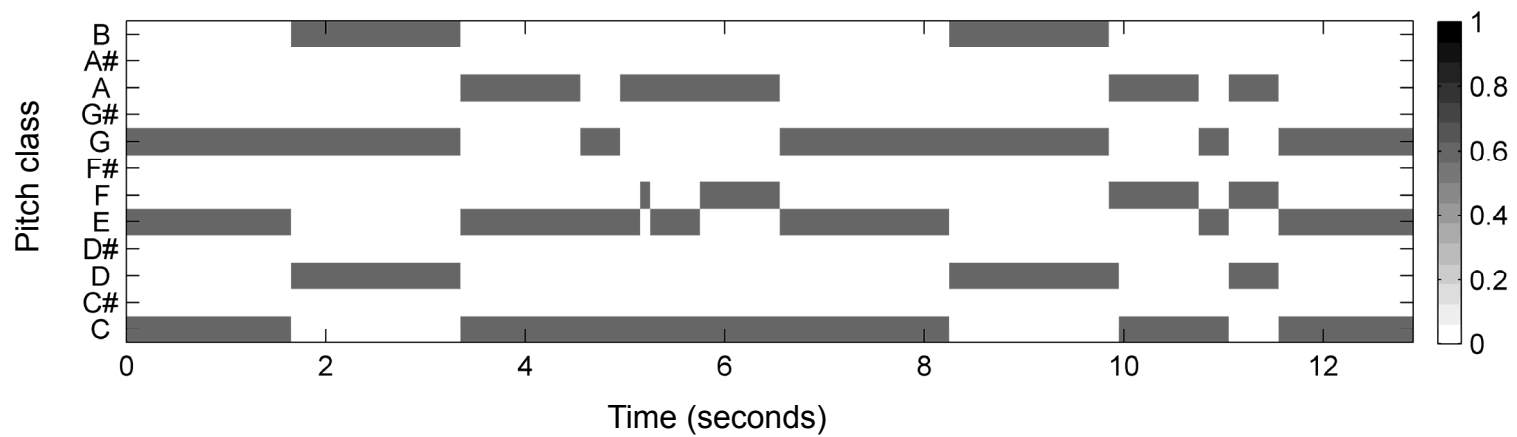


*Sonic Visualizer, Chordino Vamp Plugin
(Queen Mary University of London)*

Tonal Structures: Chords



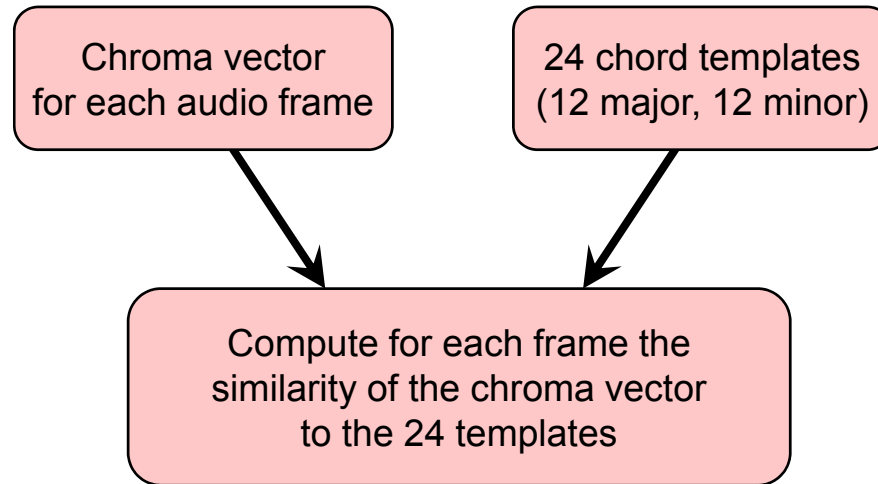
Tonal Structures: Chords



Chord Recognition: Basics

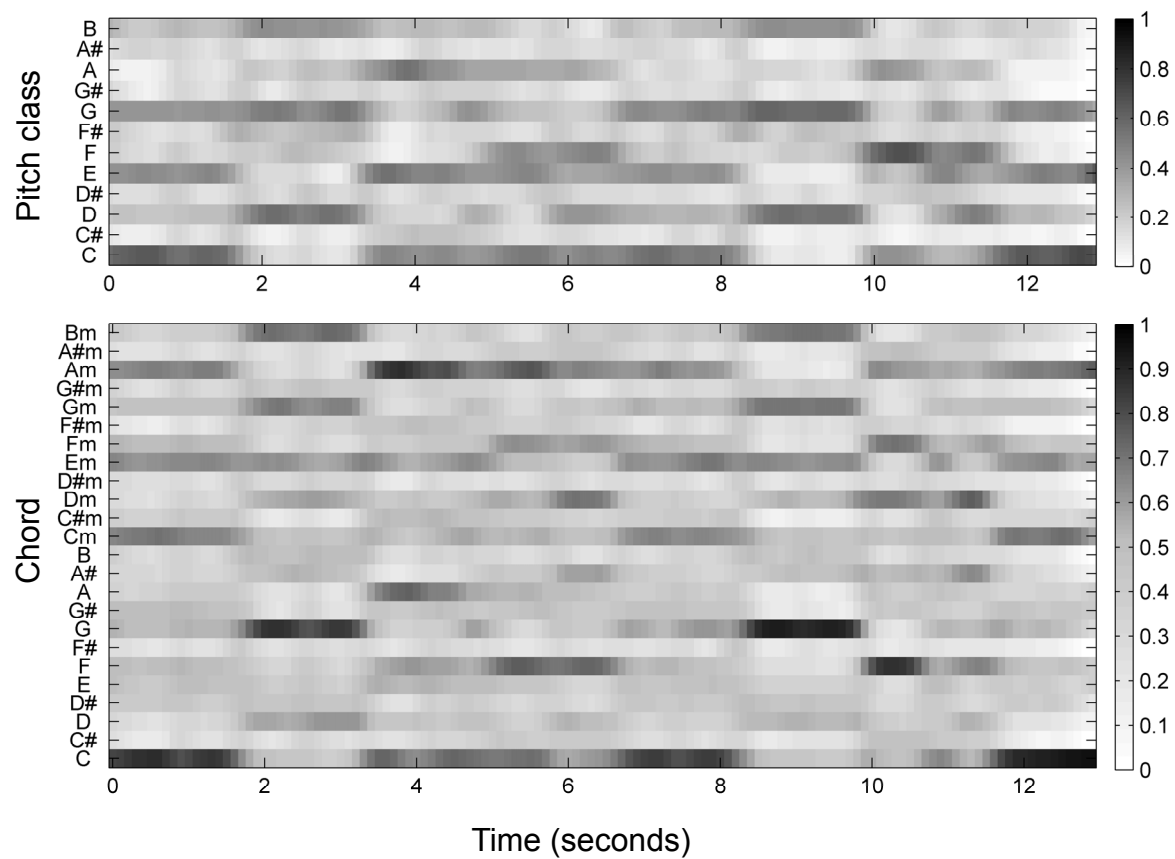


Chord Recognition: Template Matching

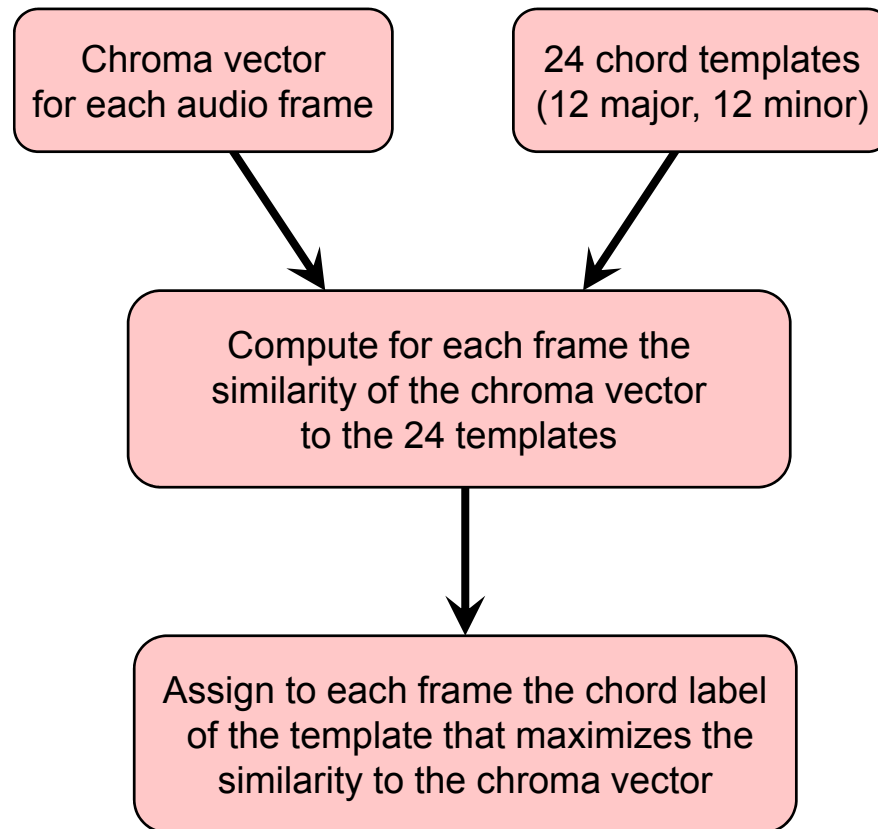


	C	C [#]	D	...	C ^m	C ^{#m}	D ^m	...
B	0	0	0	...	0	0	0	...
A [#]	0	0	0	...	0	0	0	...
A	0	0	1	...	0	0	1	...
G [#]	0	1	0	...	0	1	0	...
G	1	0	0	...	1	0	0	...
F [#]	0	0	1	...	0	0	0	...
F	0	1	0	...	0	0	1	...
E	1	0	0	...	0	1	0	...
D [#]	0	0	0	...	1	0	0	...
D	0	0	1	...	0	0	1	...
C [#]	0	1	0	...	0	1	0	...
C	1	0	0	...	1	0	0	...

Chord Recognition: Template Matching

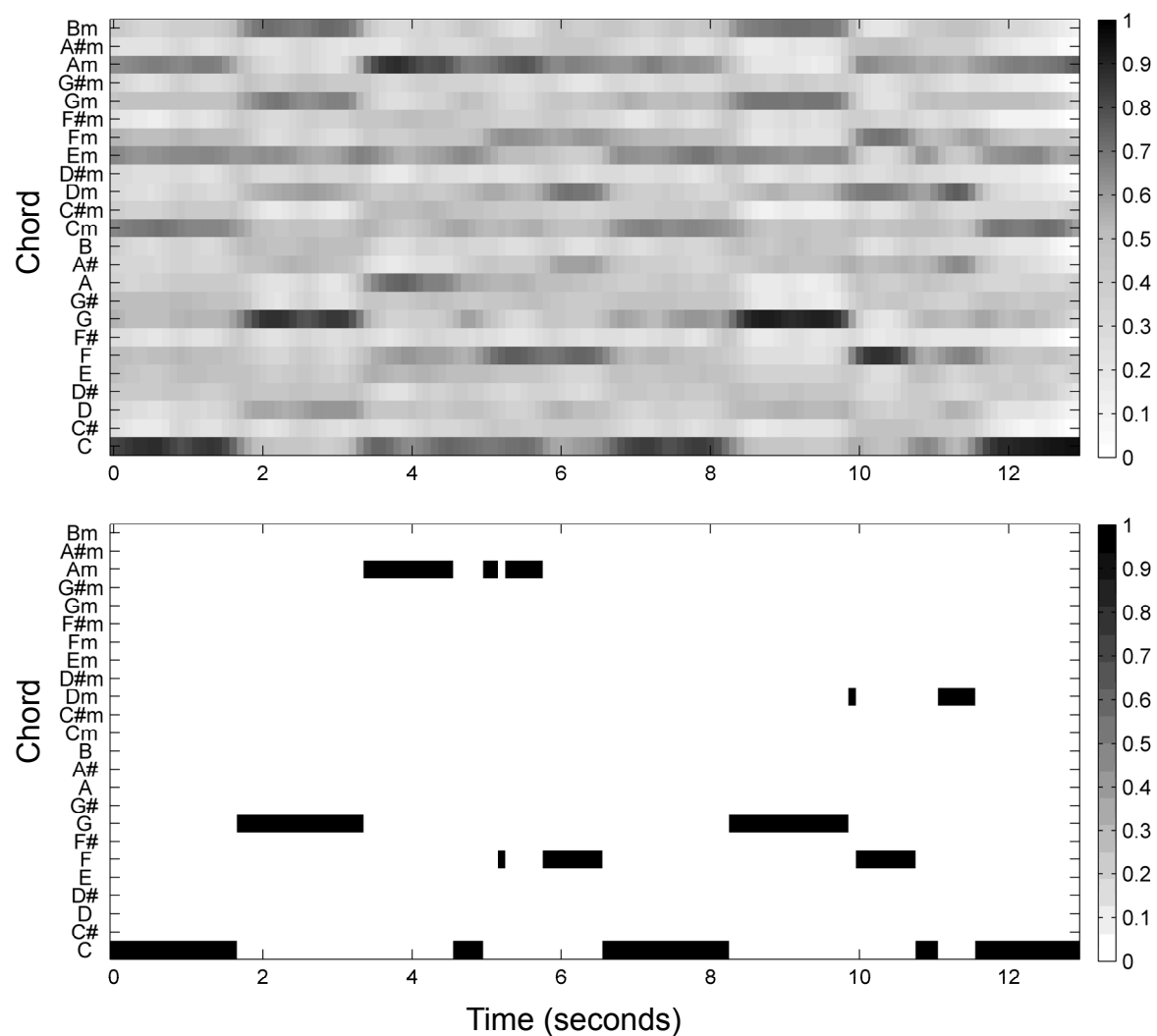


Chord Recognition: Label Assignment

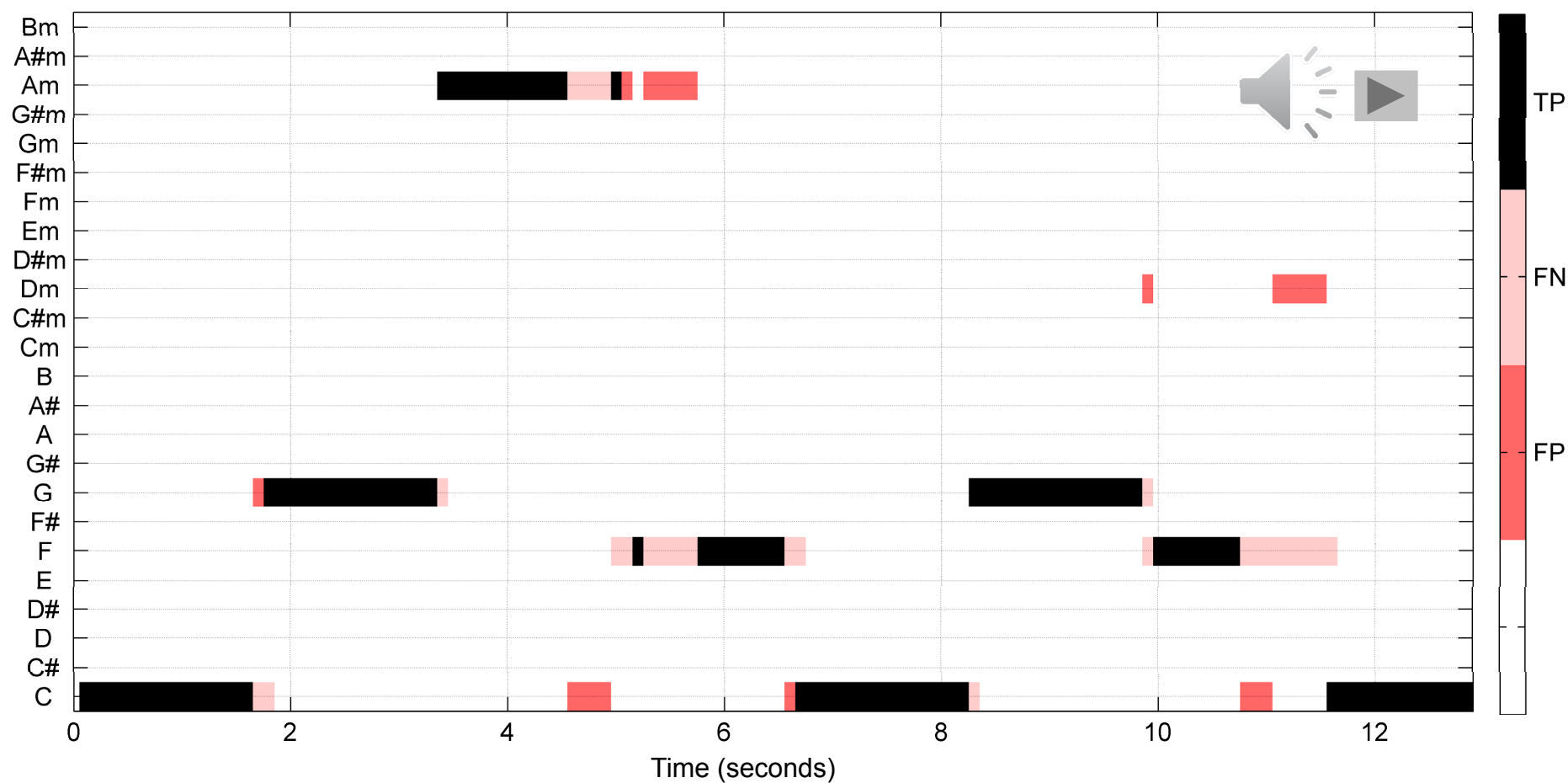
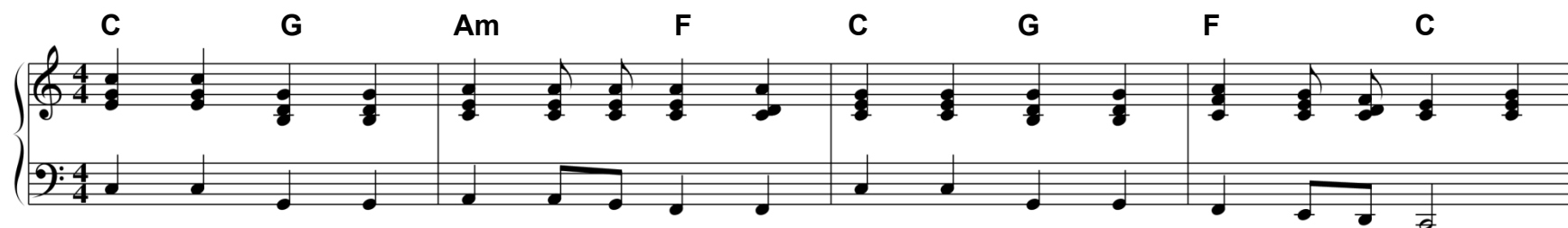


	C	C [#]	D	...	C ^m	C ^{#m}	D ^m	...
B	0	0	0	...	0	0	0	...
A [#]	0	0	0	...	0	0	0	...
A	0	0	1	...	0	0	1	...
G [#]	0	1	0	...	0	1	0	...
G	1	0	0	...	1	0	0	...
F [#]	0	0	1	...	0	0	0	...
F	0	1	0	...	0	0	1	...
E	1	0	0	...	0	1	0	...
D [#]	0	0	0	...	1	0	0	...
D	0	0	1	...	0	0	1	...
C [#]	0	1	0	...	0	1	0	...
C	1	0	0	...	1	0	0	...

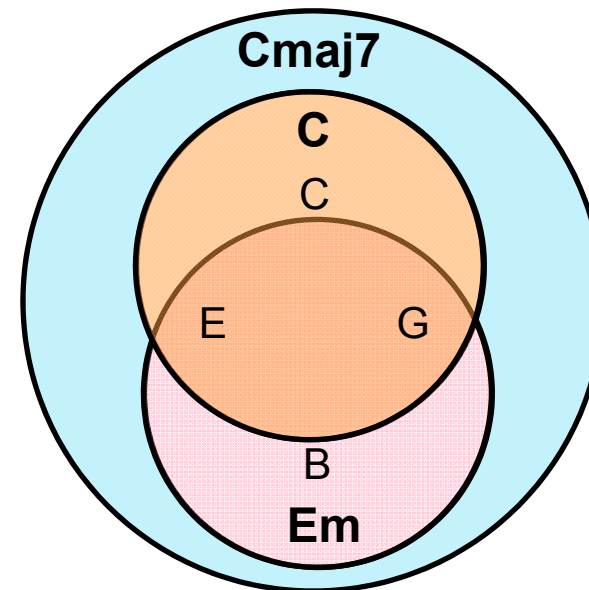
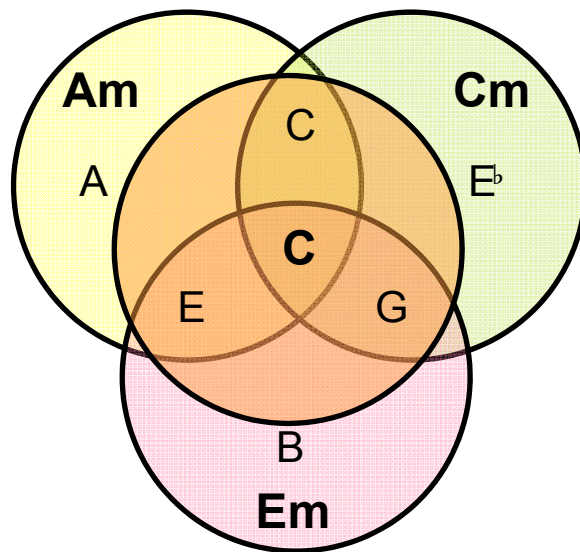
Chord Recognition: Label Assignment



Chord Recognition: Evaluation

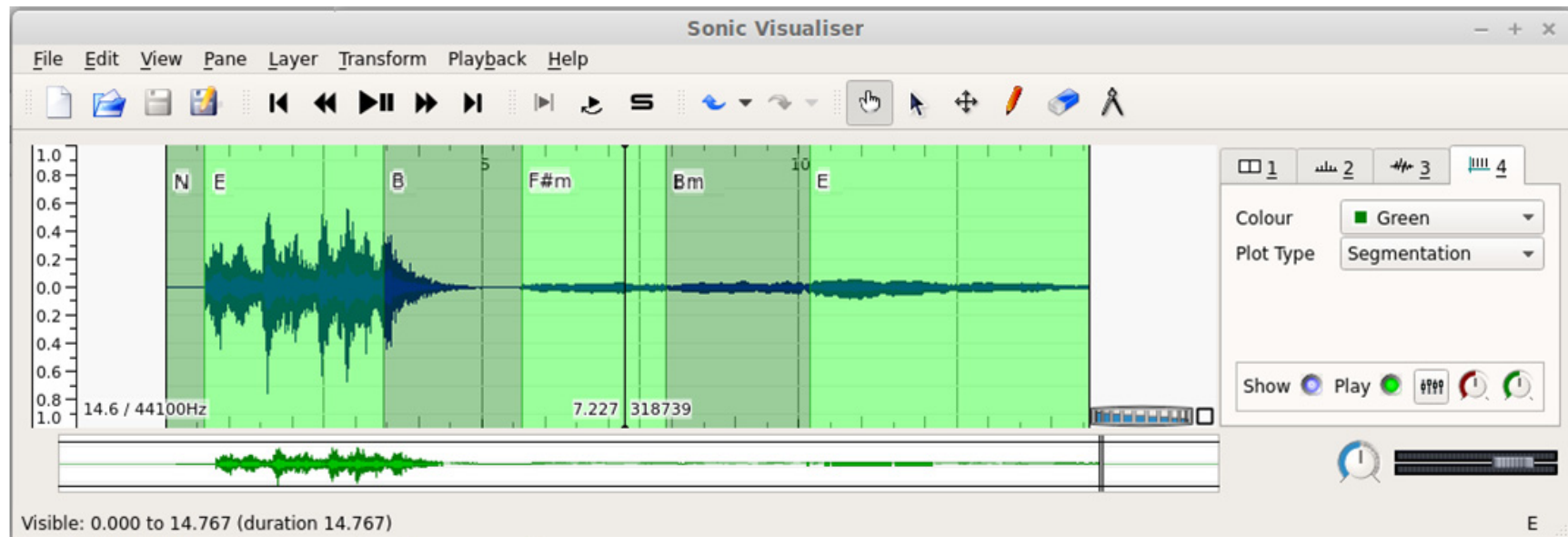


Chord Recognition: Challenges



Tonal Structures: Chords

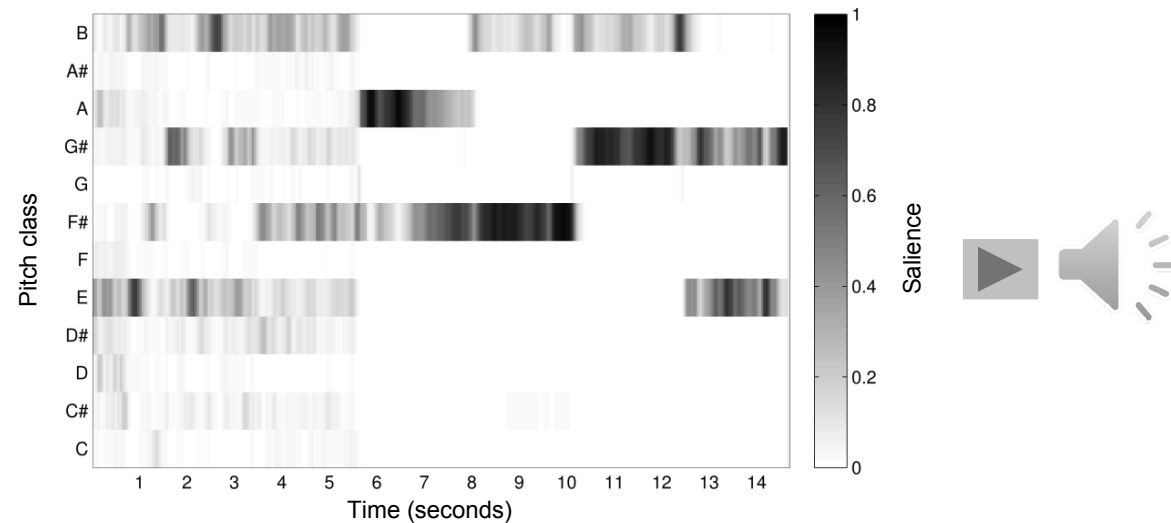
- Chord recognition
 - Typically: Feature extraction, pattern matching, filtering (HMM)
 - „Out-of-the-box“ solutions



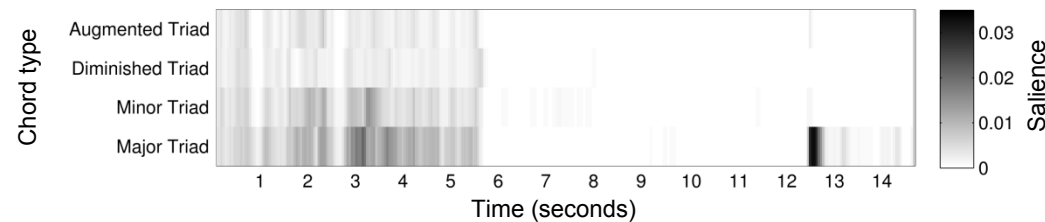
*Sonic Visualizer, Chordino Vamp Plugin
(Queen Mary University of London)*

Tonal Structures: Chord & Interval Categories

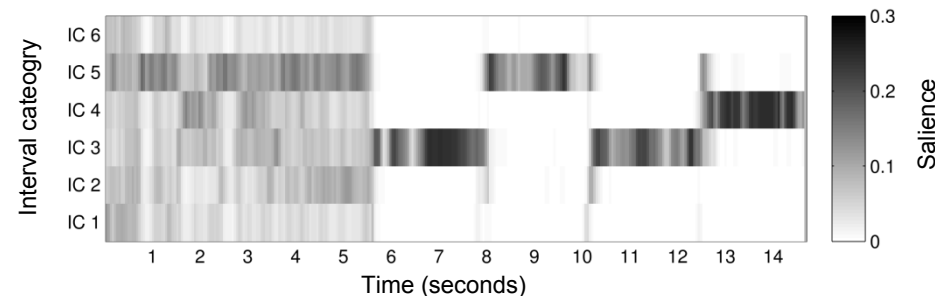
- Chromagram



- Chord type



- Interval categories



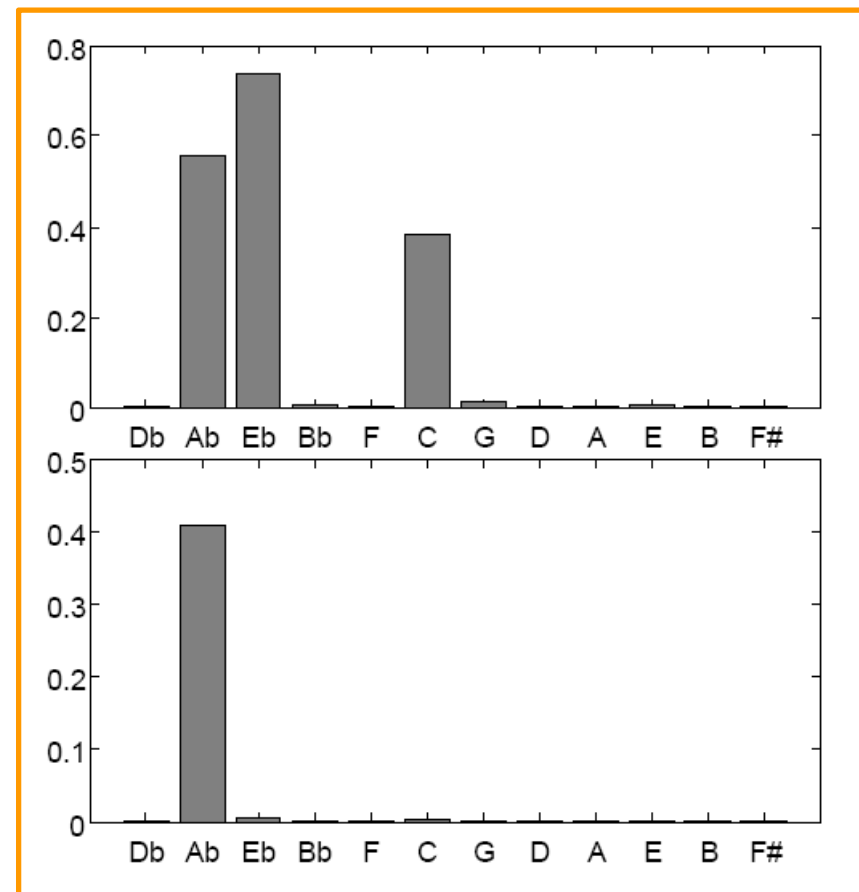
Tonal Structures: Final Chord

- Global key detection – typical approach:
 - Full piece chroma statistics
 - Template matching
- Idea: Use particular role of **final chord**



Tonal Structures: Final Chord

- Global key detection – typical approach:
 - Full piece chroma statistics
 - Template matching
- Idea: Use particular role of **final chord**



Tonal Structures: Final Chord

- Global key detection – typical approach:
 - Full piece chroma statistics
 - Template matching
- Idea: Use particular role of **final chord**



- Full piece chroma statistics → **Diatonic scale**

Weiss, *Global Key Extraction Based on the Final Chord*, SMC 2013
Weiss / Schaab, *On the Impact of Key Detection Performance*, ISMIR 2015

Tonal Structures: Final Chord

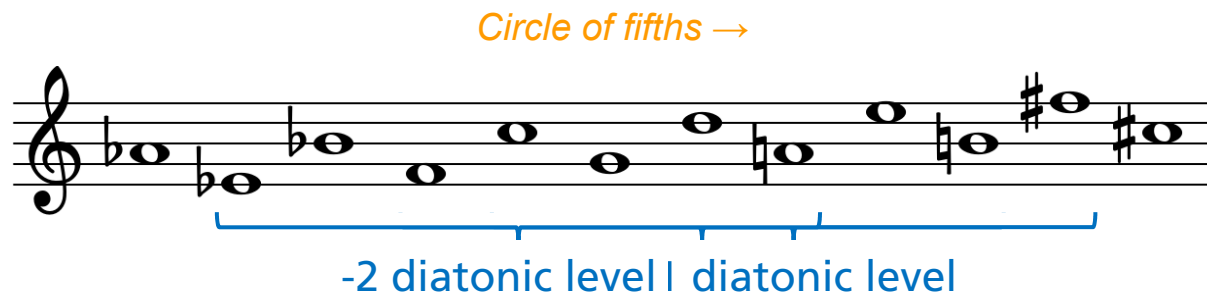
- State-of-the-art
 - Learning of pitch class profiles
 - Weighting of beginning and ending sections (15 seconds)

Van de Par et al., *Musical Key Extraction from Audio Using Profile Training*, ISMIR 2006

- Evaluation with *optimized parameters*
 - Dataset: symphonies, piano, chamber music, *478 pieces*
 - Final chord (own): **94 %**
 - Profile learning (*Van de Par*): **92 %**
- Evaluation on *unseen data*
 - Dataset: orchestra, piano, *1200 pieces*
 - Final chord (own): **85 %**
 - Profile learning (*Van de Par*): **87 %**

Tonal Structures: Local Diatonic Scales

- Modulations → Local approach
- Diatonic Scales
 - Simplification of keys
 - Perfect-fifth relation



Tonal Structures: Local Diatonic Scales

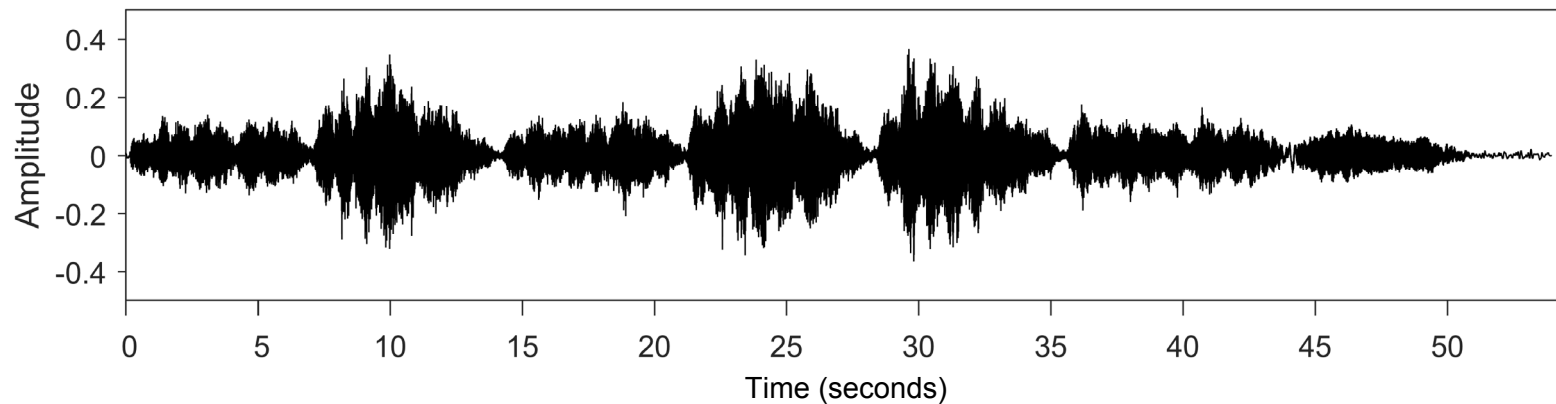
- Example: J.S. Bach, Choral "Durch Dein Gefängnis" (*Johannespassion*)
- **Score** – Piano reduction

The image displays a piano reduction of a choral piece by J.S. Bach, titled "Durch Dein Gefängnis" from the *Johannespassion*. The score is written for piano, featuring a grand staff with a treble and bass clef. The key signature is three sharps (F#, C#, G#) and the time signature is 4/4. The music is divided into two systems, each containing five measures. The lyrics are written below the notes, with some words split across lines. The first system of lyrics is: "Durch dein Ge-fäng-nis, Got-tes Sohn, muß uns die Frei-heit kom-men; Dein Ker-ker ist der Gna-den-thron, die Frei-statt al-ler From-men;". The second system of lyrics is: "Denn gingst du nicht die Knecht-schaft ein, müßt uns-re Knecht-schaft e-wig sein." The piano reduction uses a variety of musical textures, including single notes, dyads, triads, and chords, to create a rich harmonic and melodic landscape. The bass line often provides a steady harmonic foundation, while the treble line features more melodic movement.

9

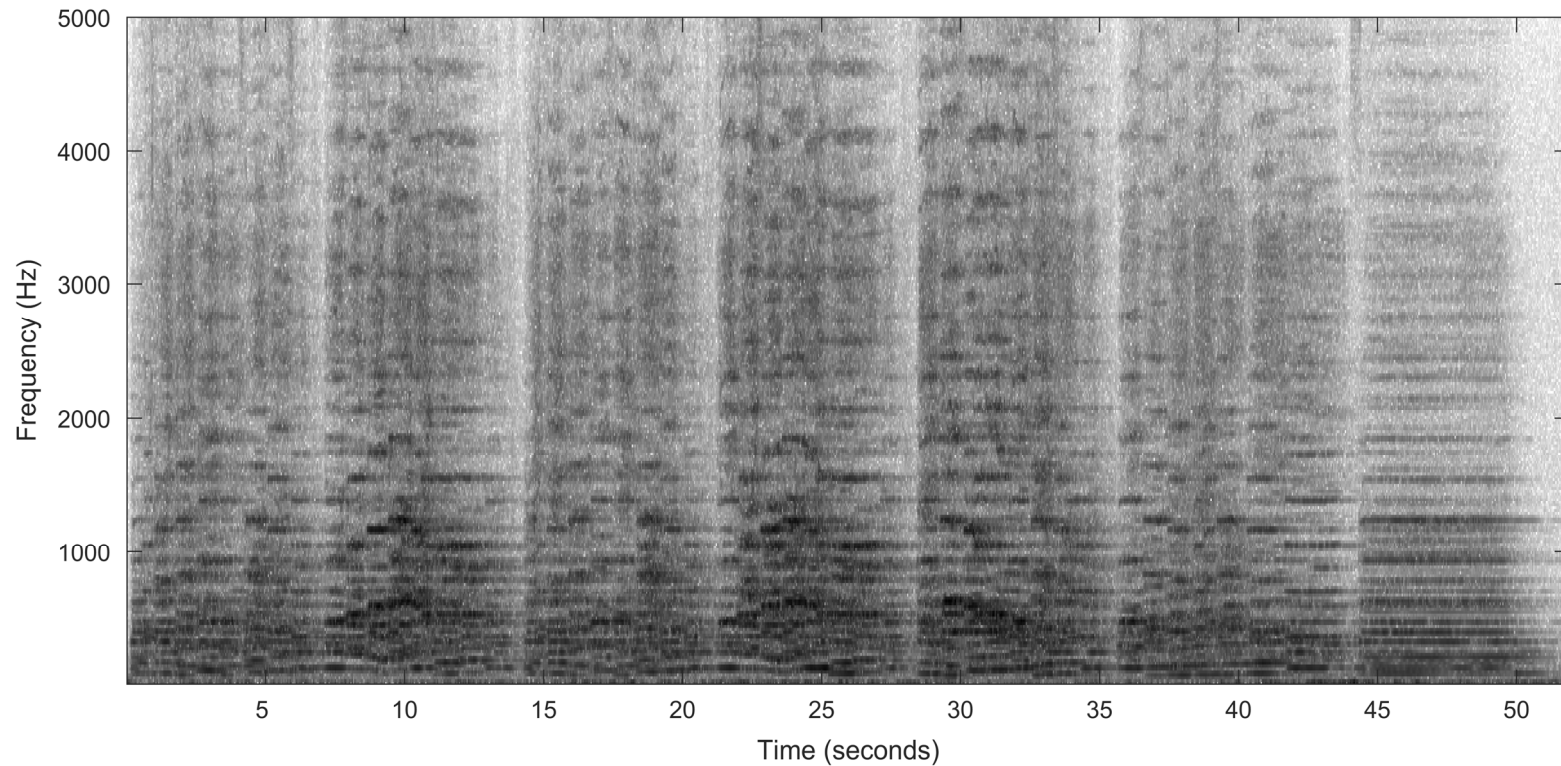
Tonal Structures: Local Diatonic Scales

- Example: J.S. Bach, Choral "Durch Dein Gefängnis" (*Johannespassion*)
- **Audio** – Waveform (Scholars Baroque Ensemble, Naxos 1994)



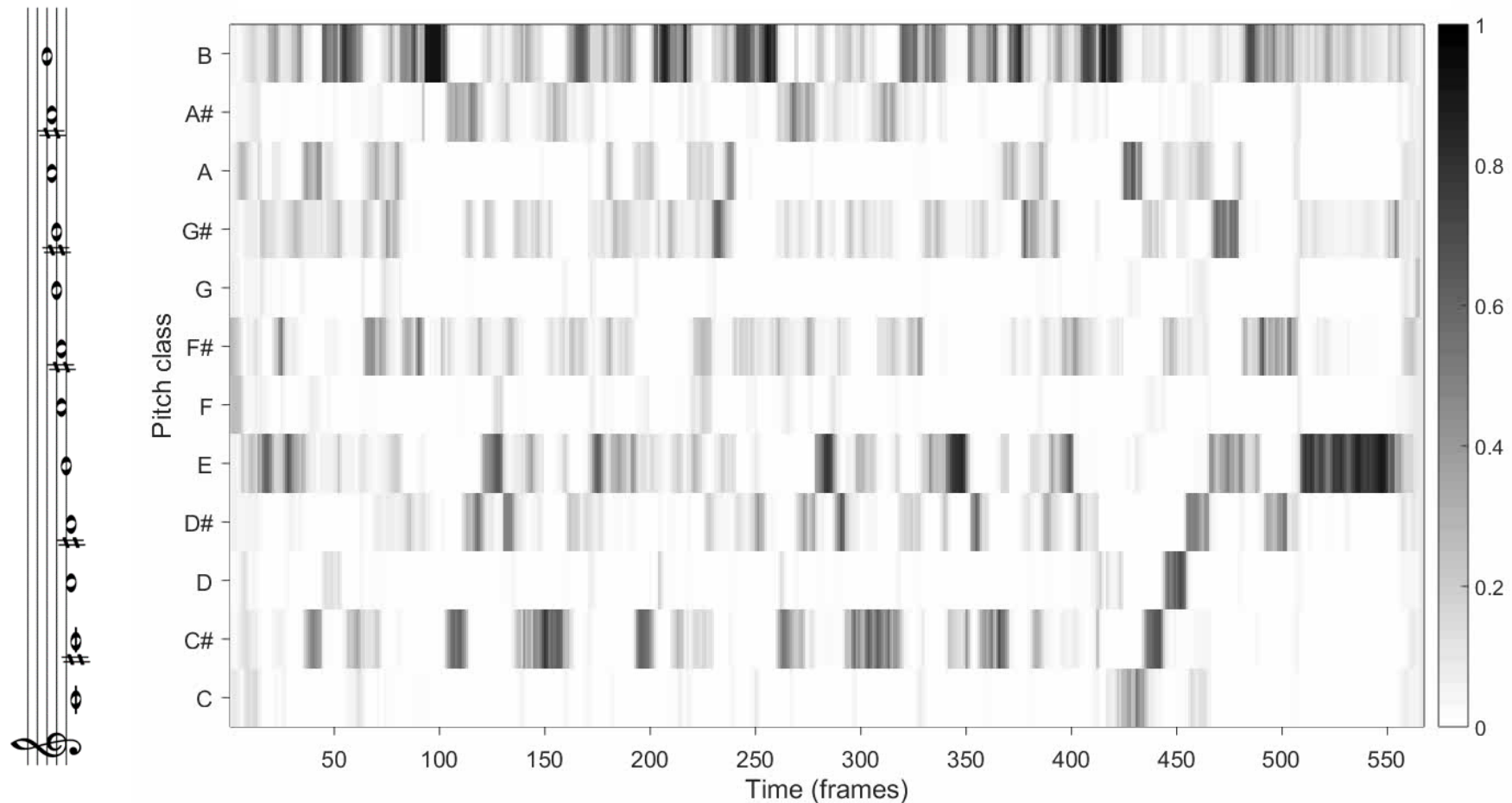
Tonal Structures: Local Diatonic Scales

- Example: J.S. Bach, Choral "Durch Dein Gefängnis" (*Johannespassion*)
- **Audio** – Spectrogram (Scholars Baroque Ensemble, Naxos 1994)



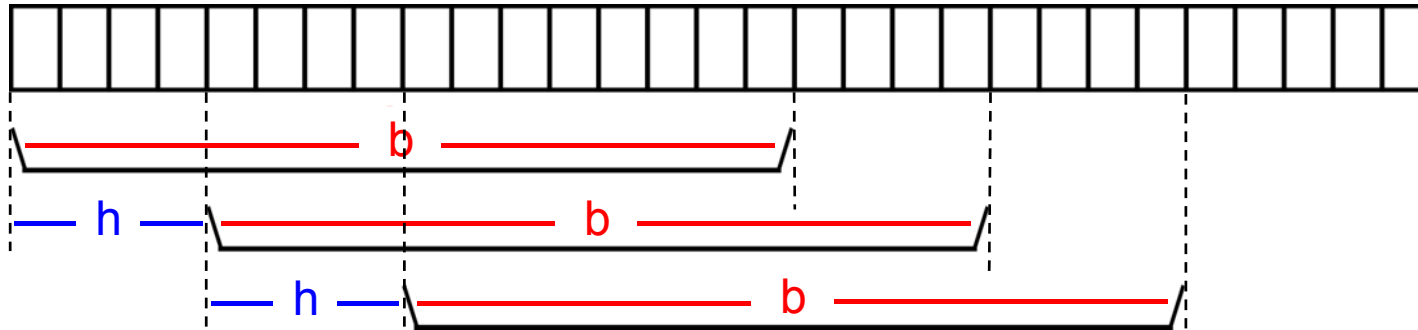
Tonal Structures: Local Diatonic Scales

- Example: J.S. Bach, Choral "Durch Dein Gefängnis" (*Johannespassion*)
- **Audio** – Chroma features (Scholars Baroque Ensemble, Naxos 1994)



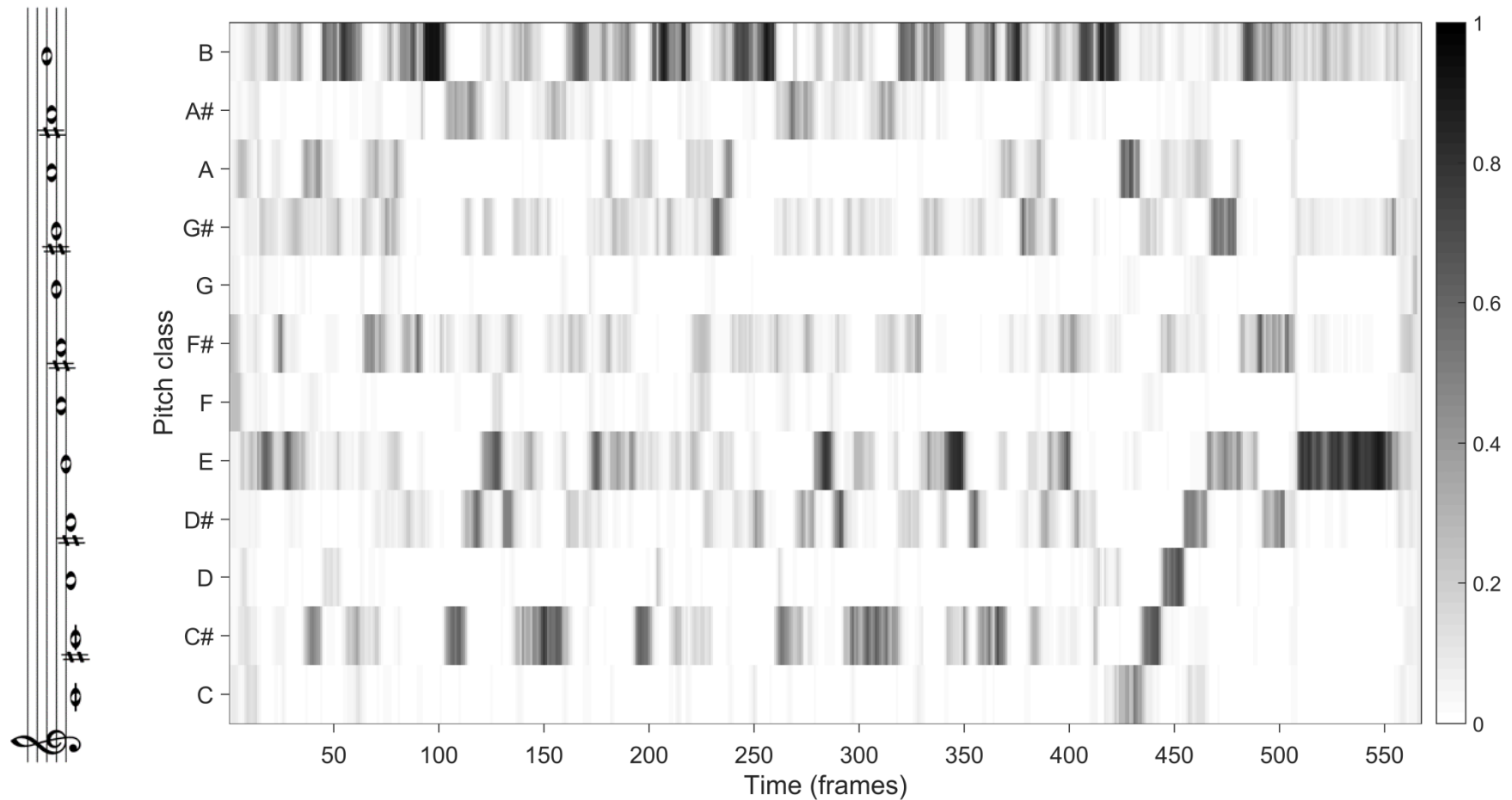
Tonal Structures: Local Diatonic Scales

- Summarize pitch classes over a certain time
 - **Chroma smoothing**
 - Parameters: blocksize **b** and hopsize **h**



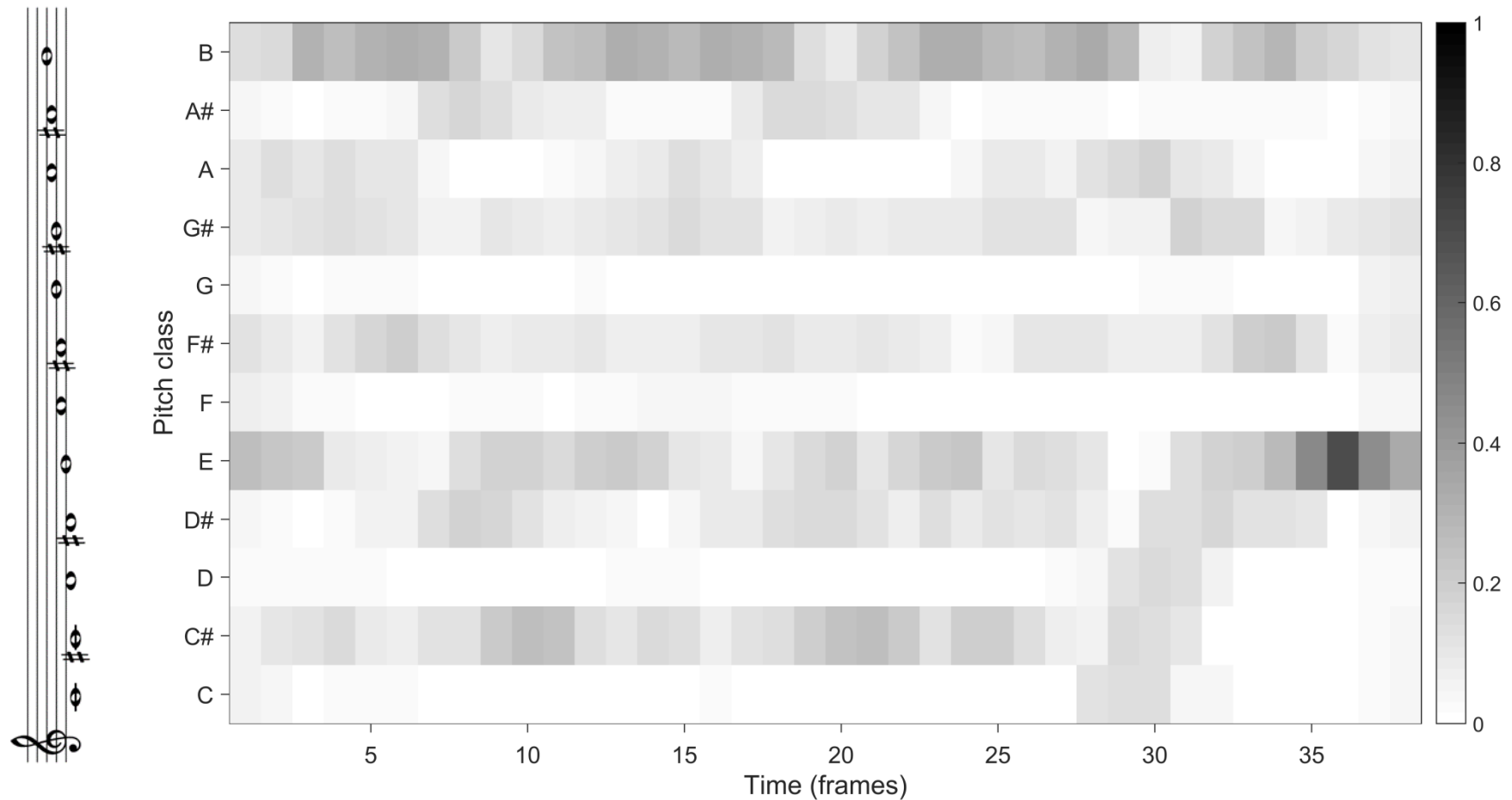
Tonal Structures: Local Diatonic Scales

- Choral (Bach)



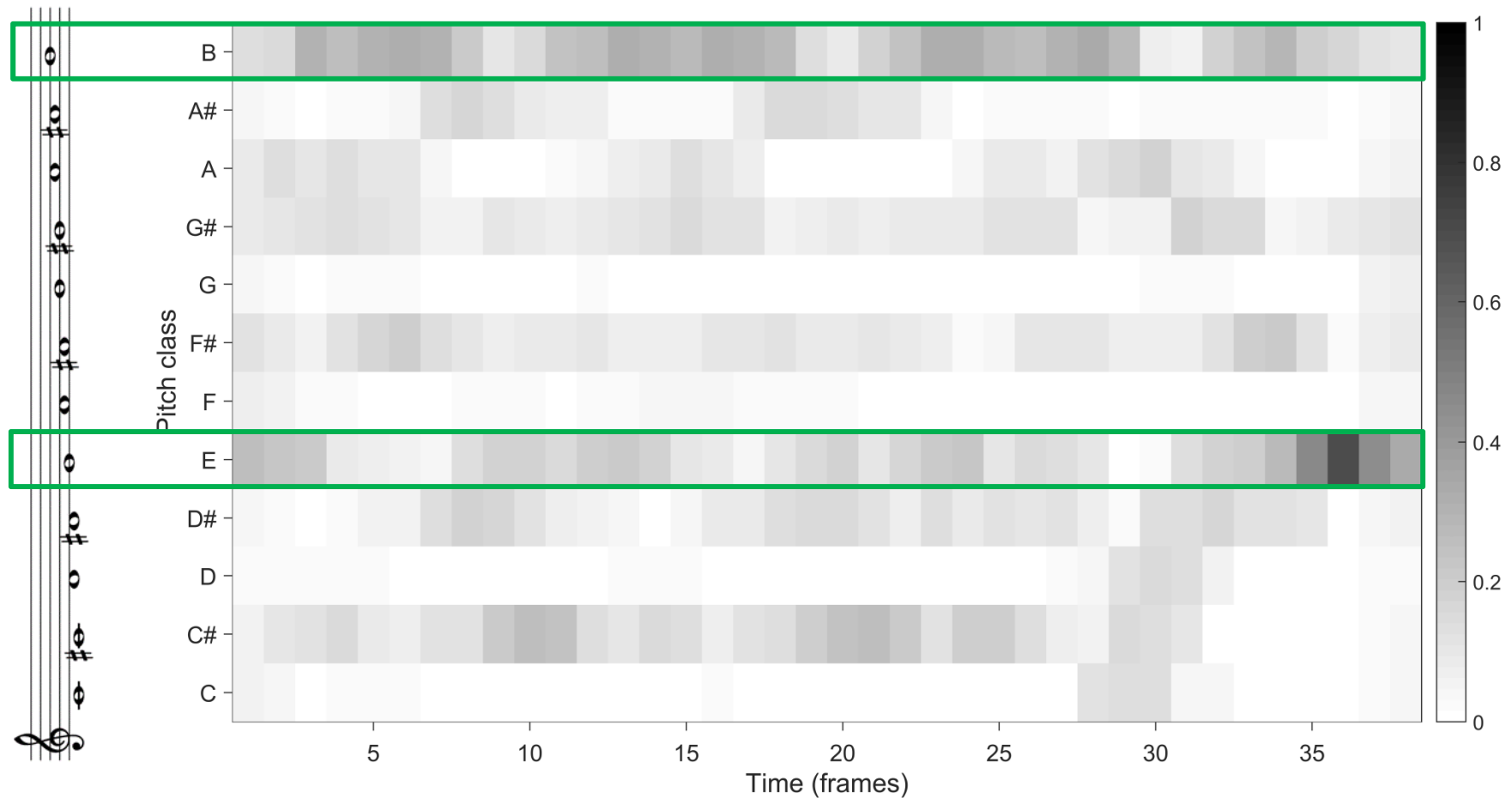
Tonal Structures: Local Diatonic Scales

- Choral (Bach) — smoothed with $b = 42$ seconds and $h = 15$ seconds



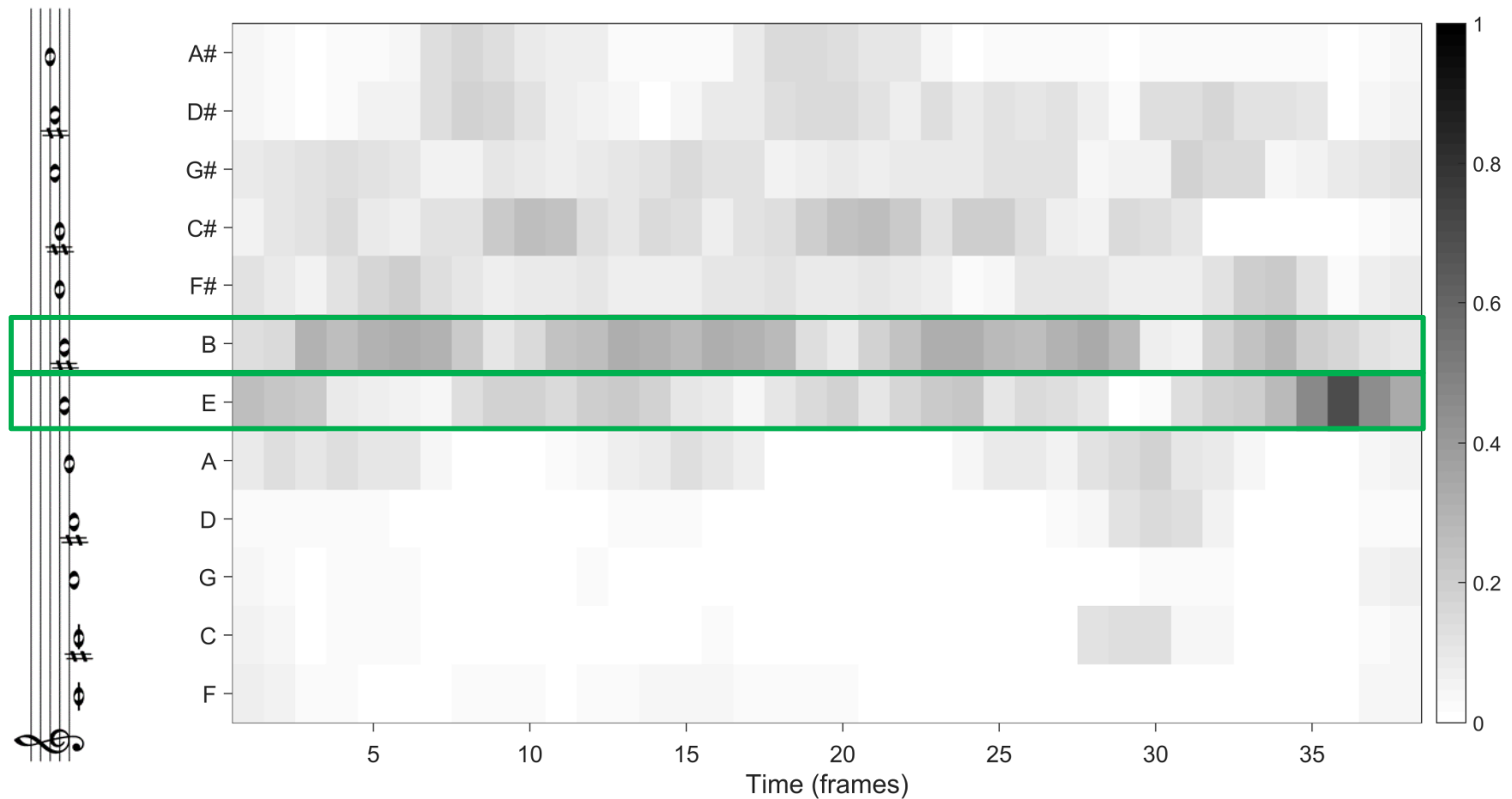
Tonal Structures: Local Diatonic Scales

- Choral (Bach) — Re-ordering to **perfect fifth** series



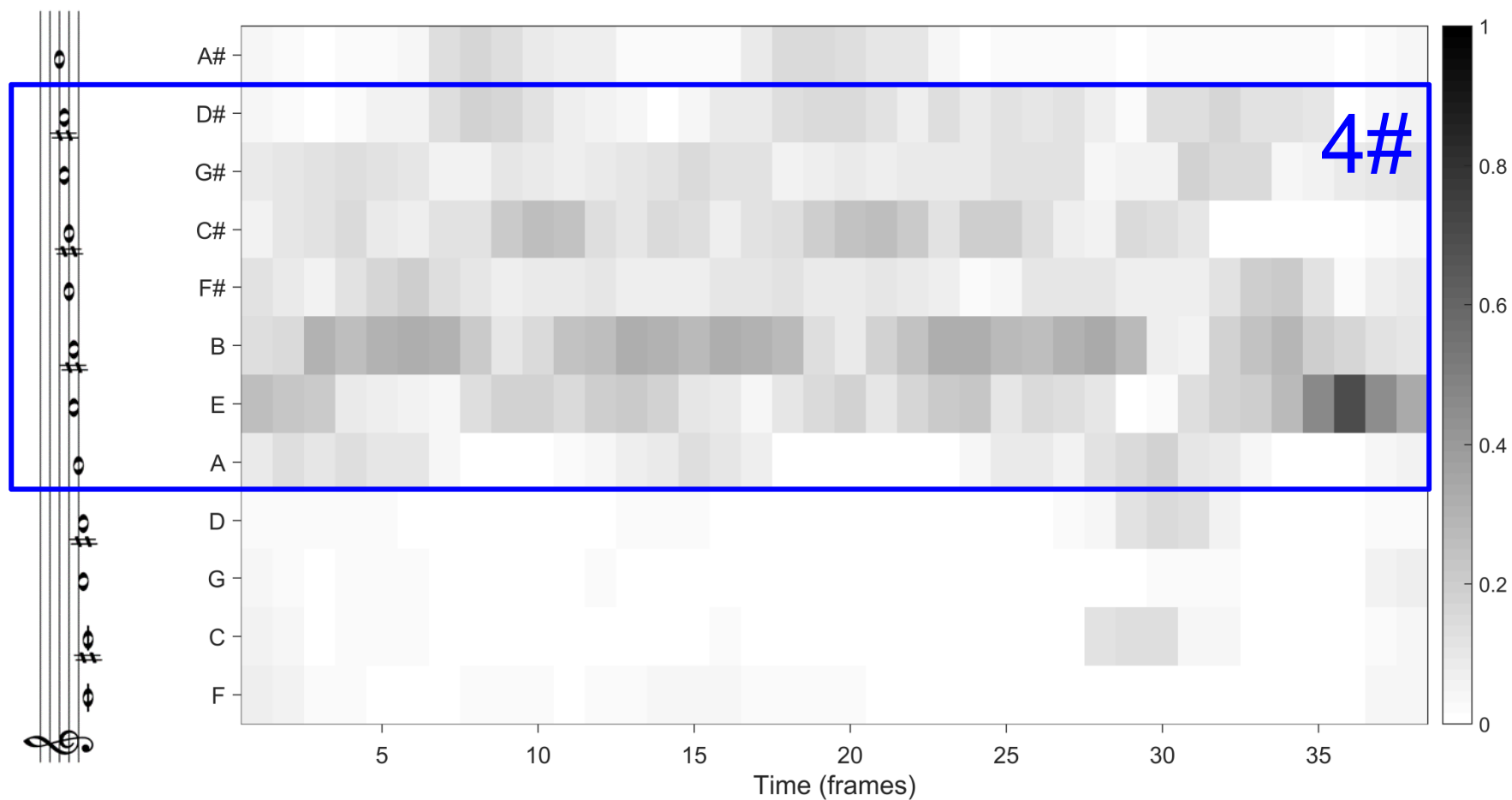
Tonal Structures: Local Diatonic Scales

- Choral (Bach) — Re-ordering to **perfect fifth** series

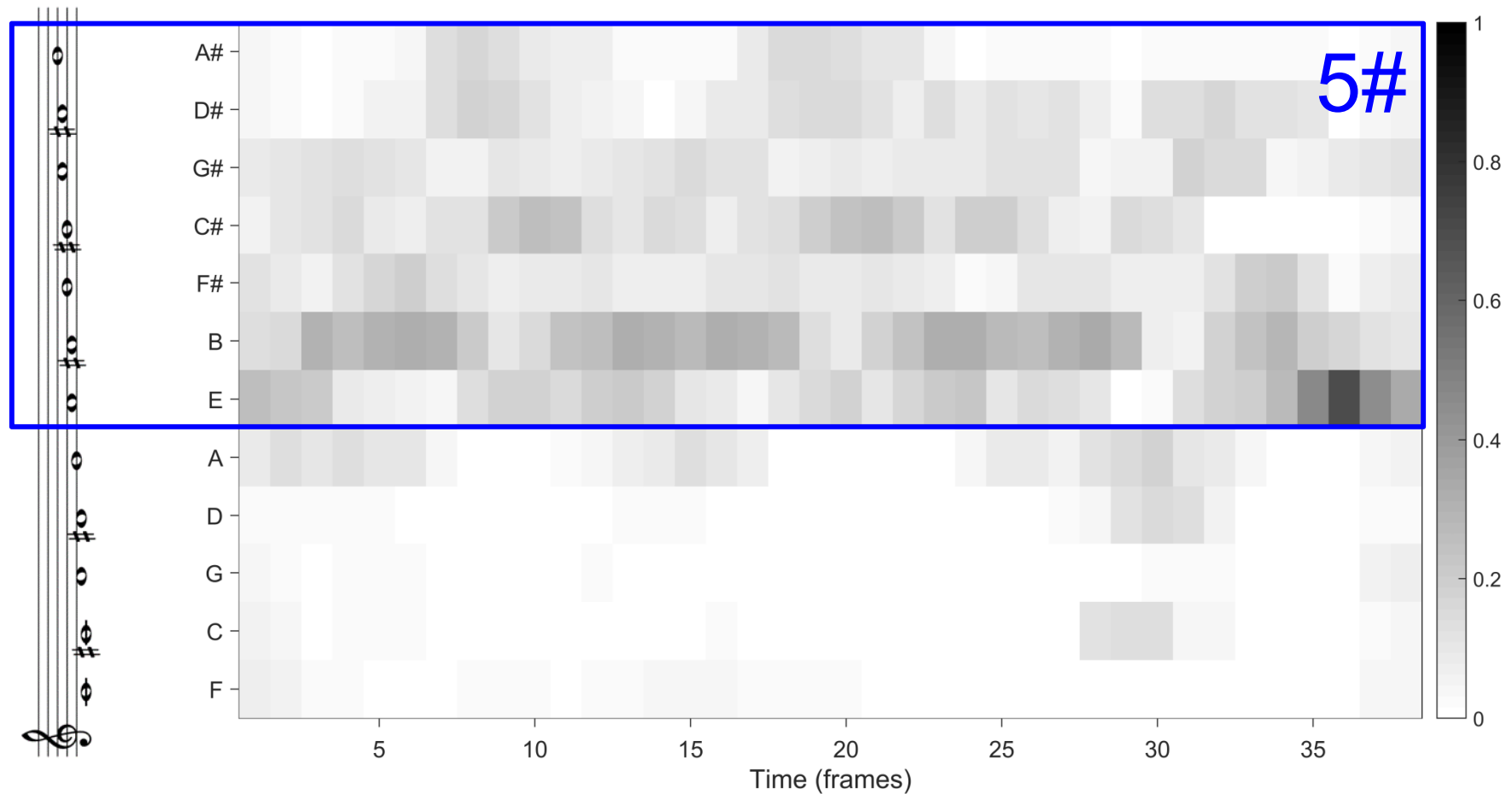


Tonal Structures: Local Diatonic Scales

- Choral (Bach) — Diatonic Scale Estimation (7 fifths)

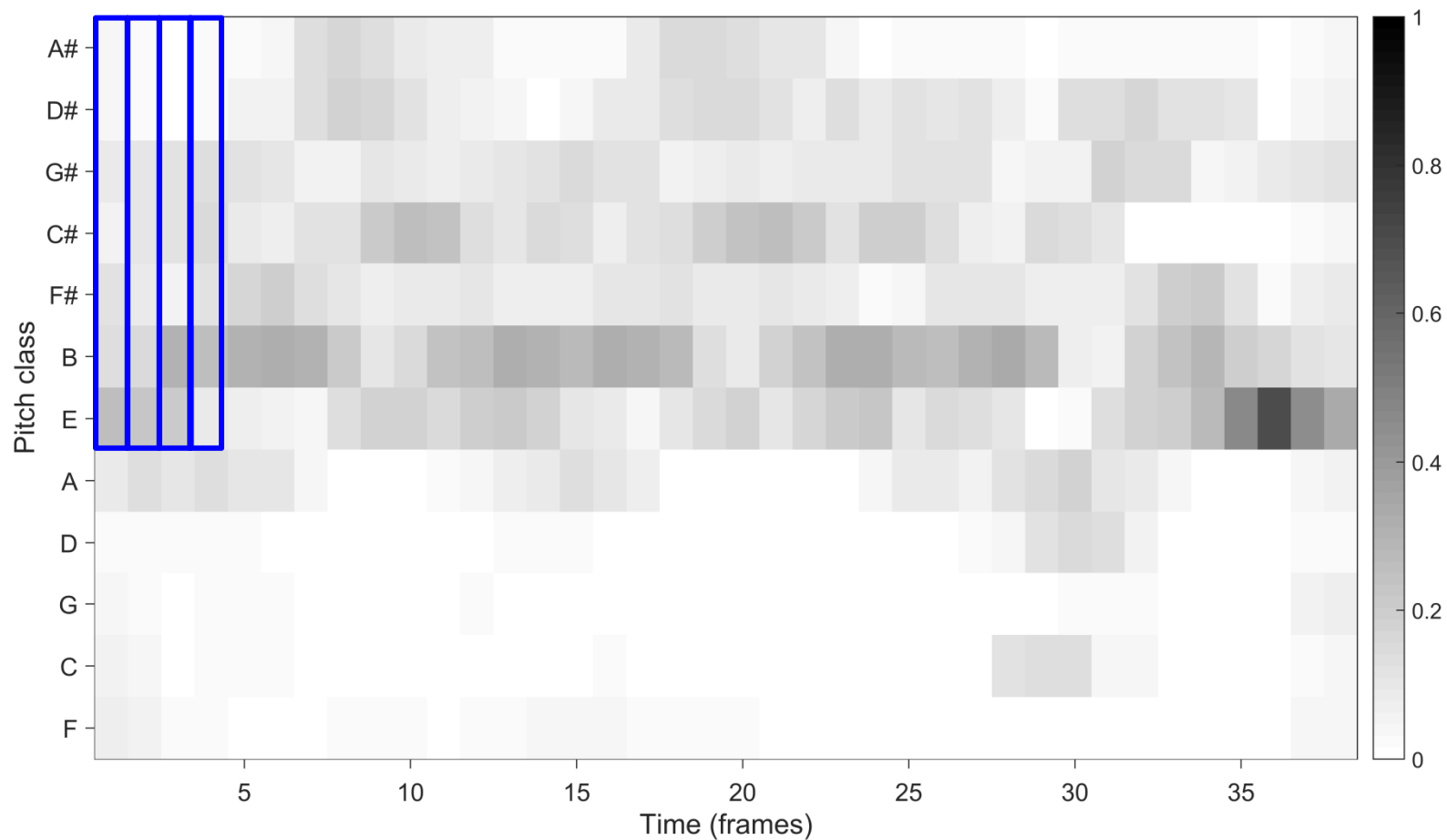


- Choral (Bach) — Diatonic Scale Estimation (7 fifths)



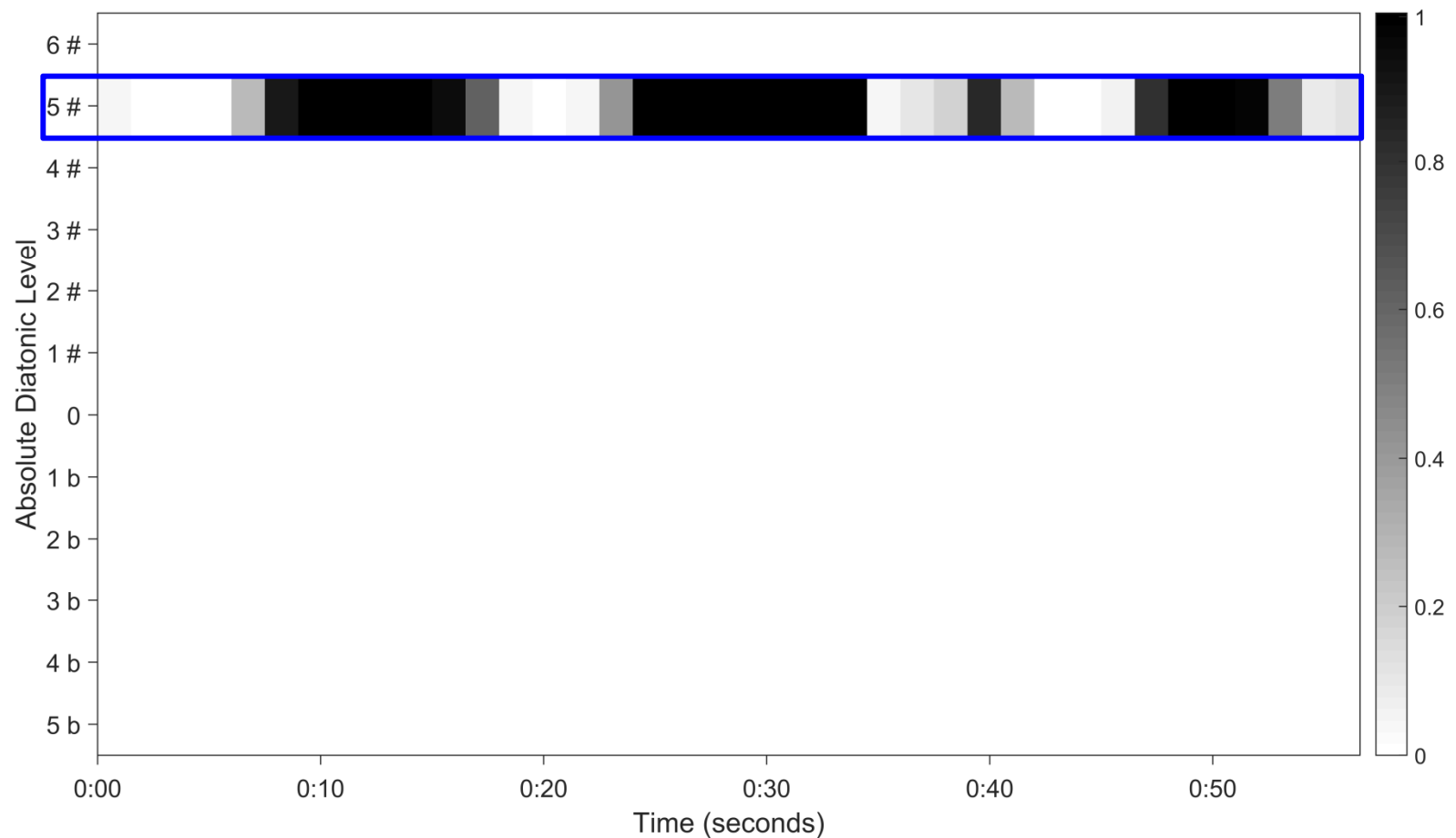
Tonal Structures: Local Diatonic Scales

- Choral (Bach) — Diatonic Scale Estimation: [Multiply chroma values](#)*



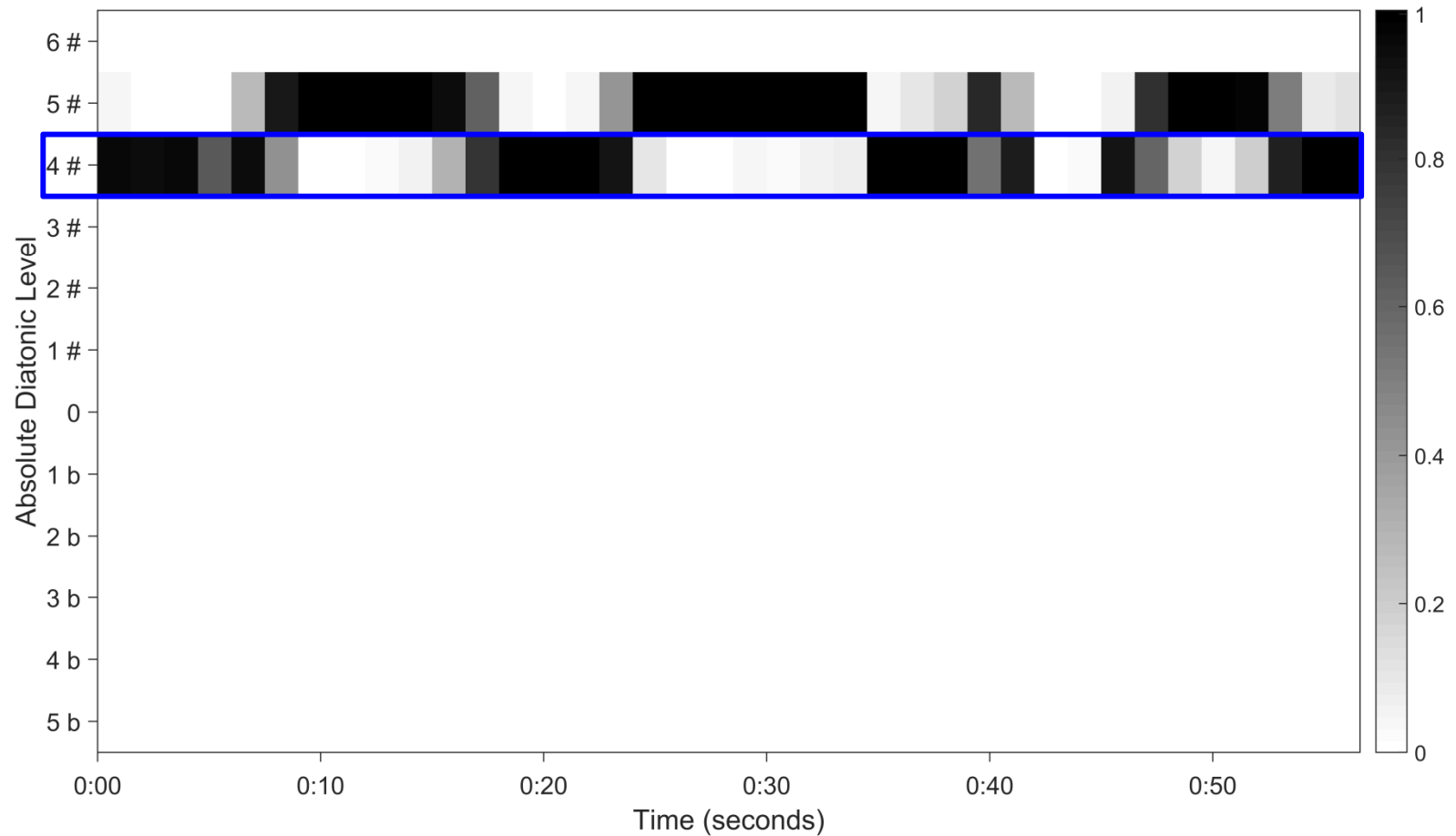
Tonal Structures: Local Diatonic Scales

- Choral (Bach) — Diatonic Scale Estimation: [Multiply chroma values](#)



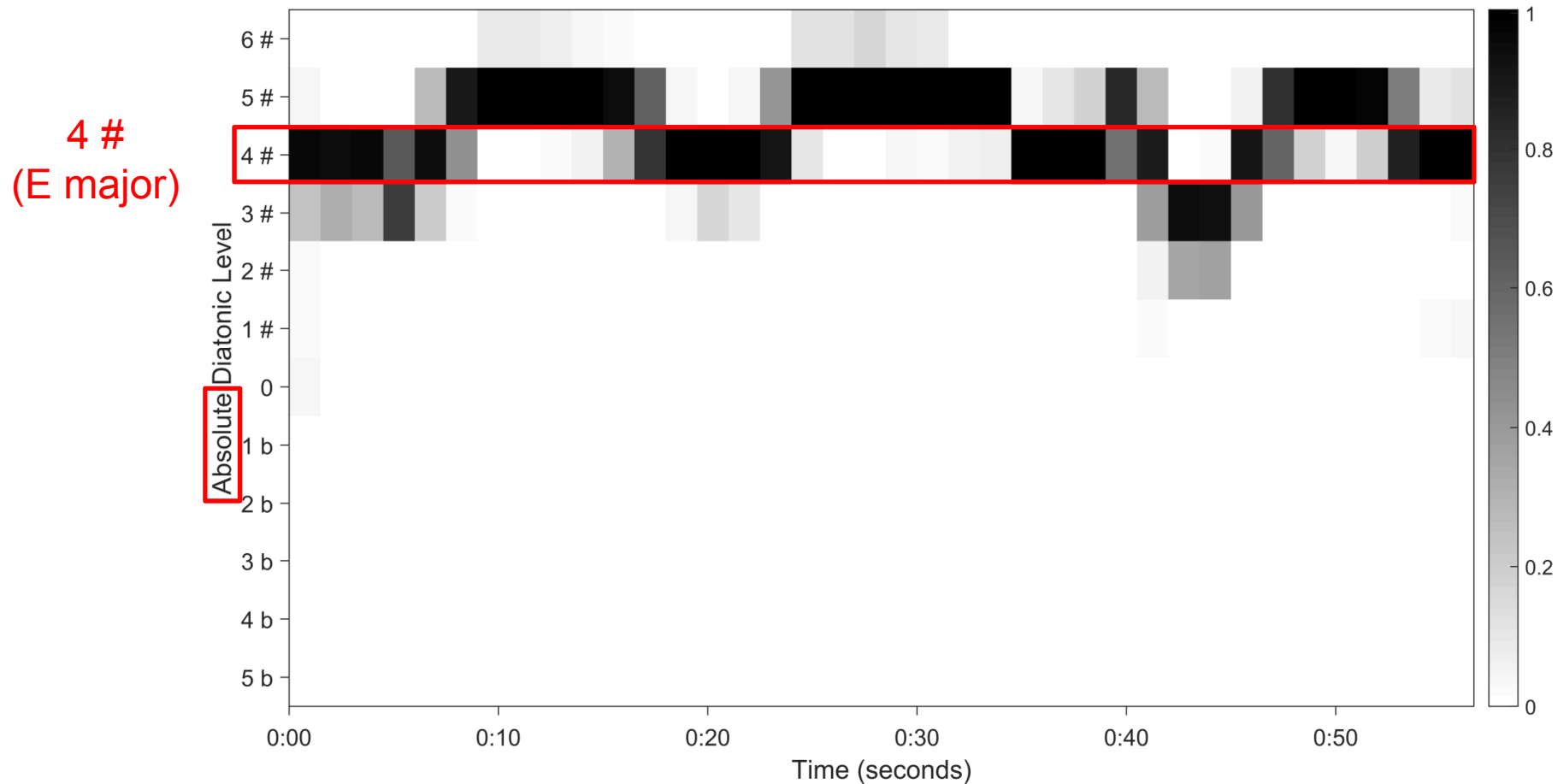
Tonal Structures: Local Diatonic Scales

- Choral (Bach) — Diatonic Scale Estimation



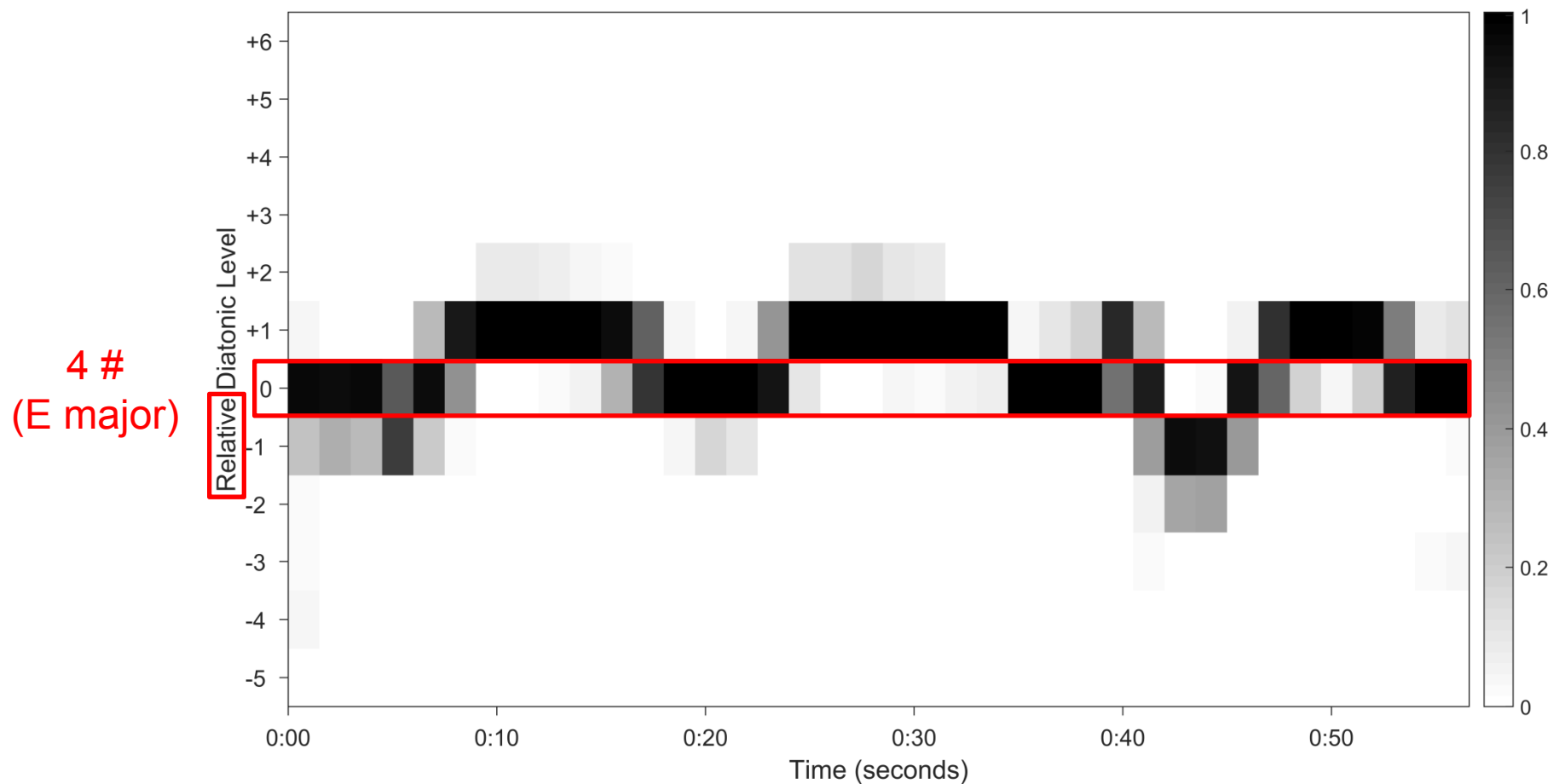
Tonal Structures: Local Diatonic Scales

- Choral (Bach) — Diatonic Scale Estimation



Tonal Structures: Local Diatonic Scales

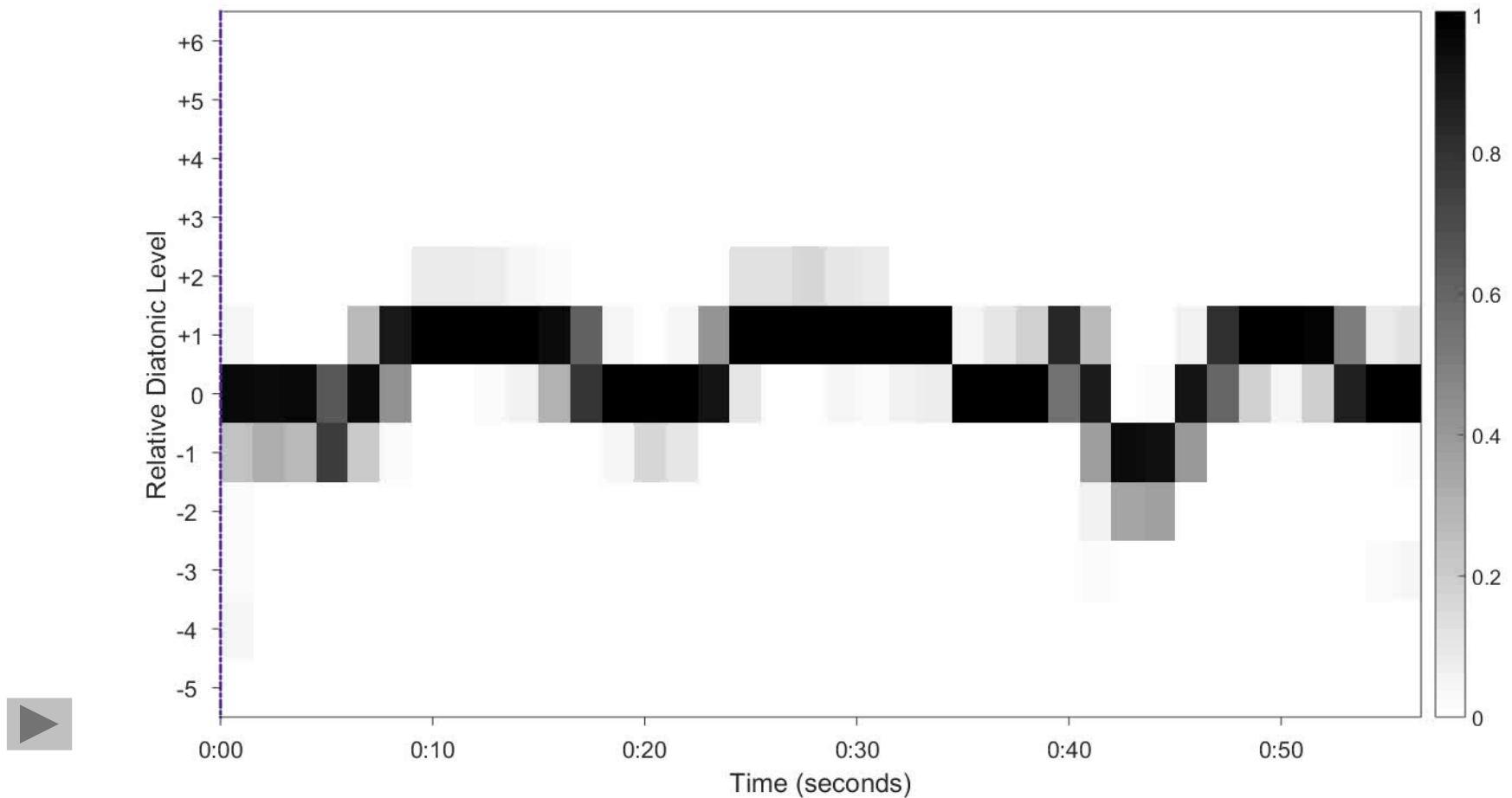
- Choral (Bach) — Diatonic Scale Estimation: **Shift to global key**



Tonal Structures: Local Diatonic Scales

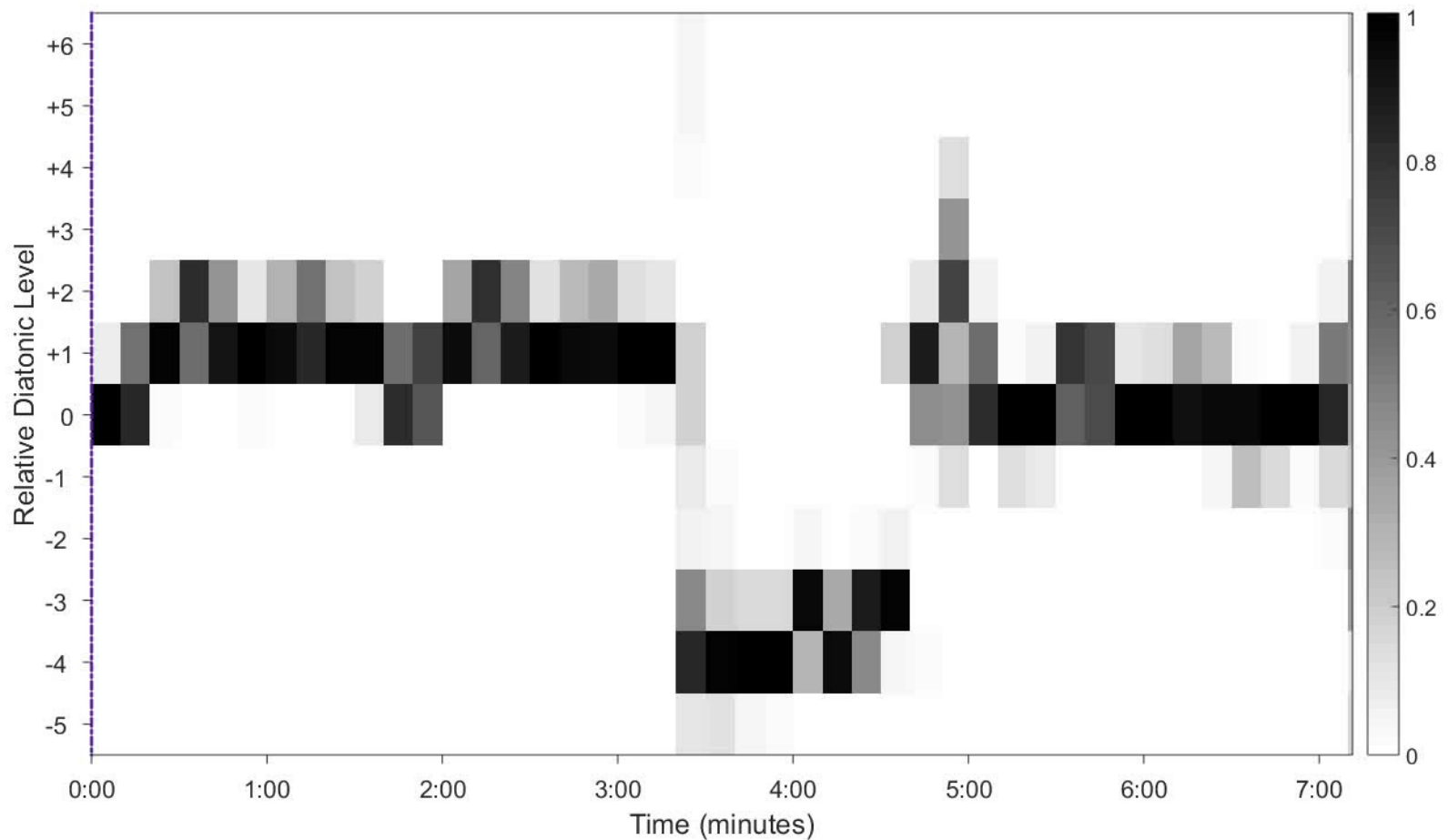
- Choral (Bach) — $0 \triangleq 4\#$

Weiss / Habryka, *Chroma-Based Scale Matching for Audio Tonality Analysis*, CIM 2014



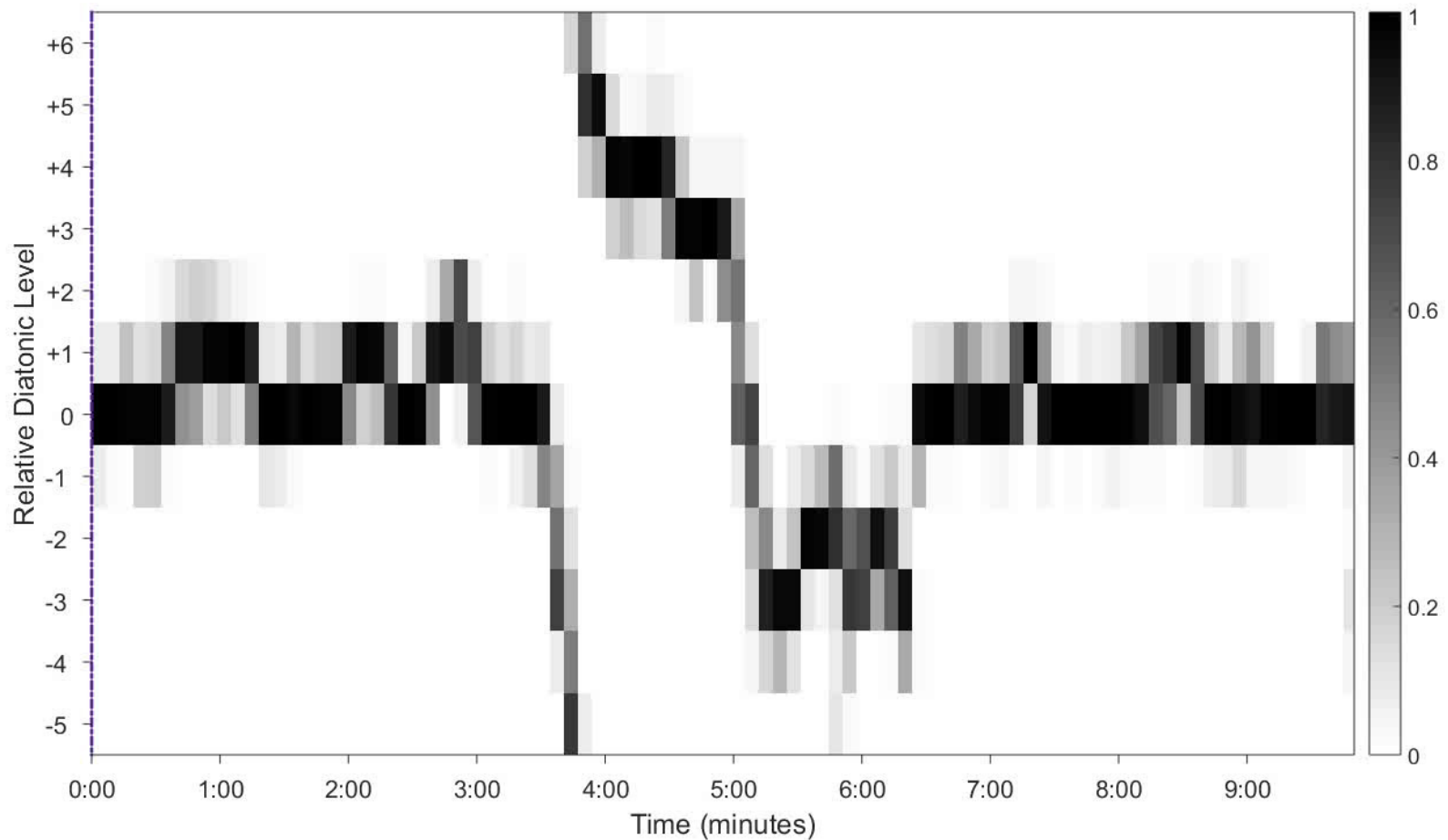
Tonal Structures: Local Diatonic Scales

- L. v. Beethoven – Sonata No. 10 op. 14 Nr. 2, 1. Allegro — 0 $\triangle$ 1
(Barenboim, EMI 1998)



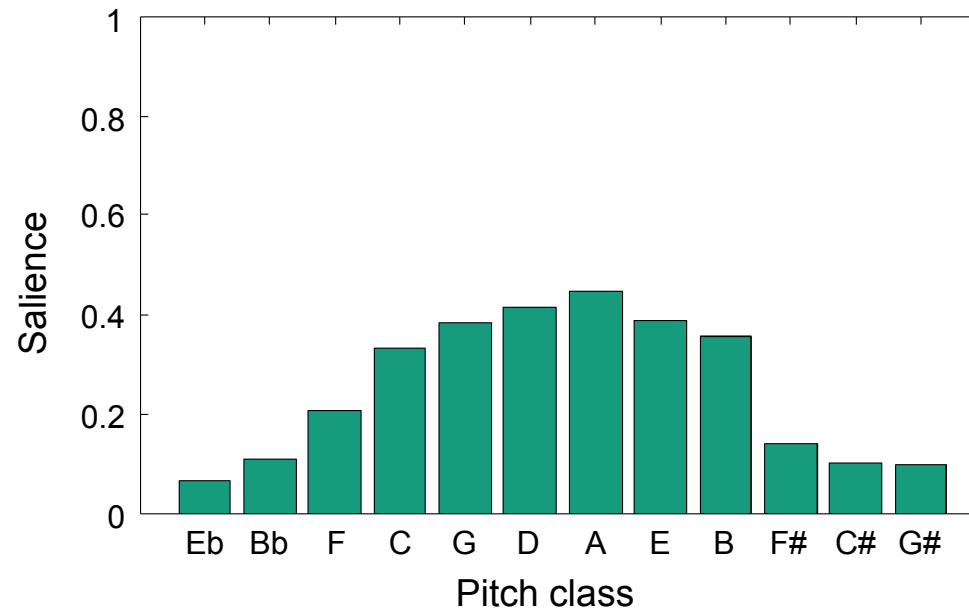
Tonal Structures: Local Diatonic Scales

- R. Wagner, *Die Meistersinger von Nürnberg*, Vorspiel — 0 $\triangleq$ 0
(Polish National Radio Symphony Orchestra, J. Wildner, Naxos 1993)



Tonal Structures: Complexity

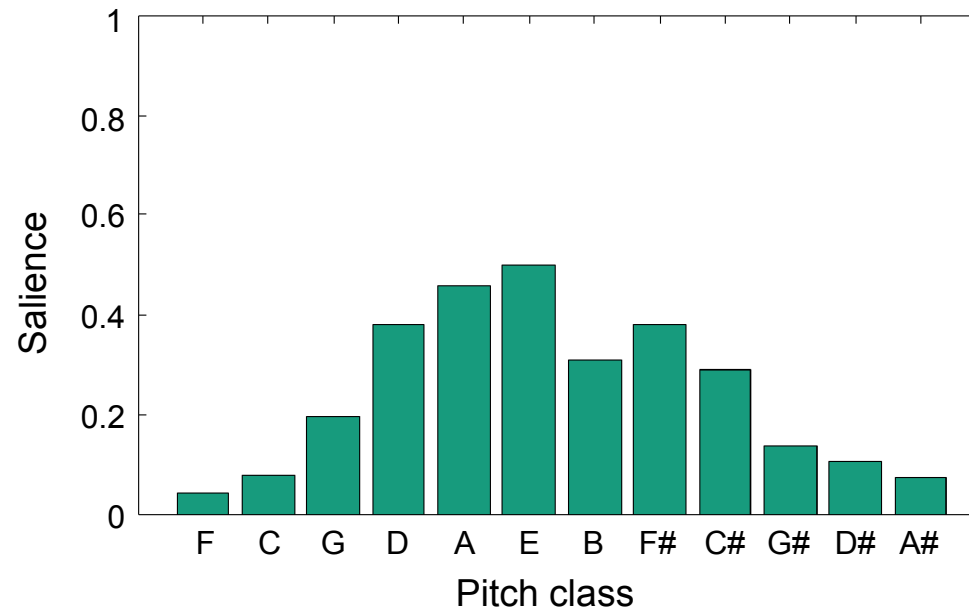
- Global chroma statistics (audio)
- **1567** – G. da Palestrina, Missa de Beata Virgine, Credo



Circle of fifths →

Tonal Structures: Complexity

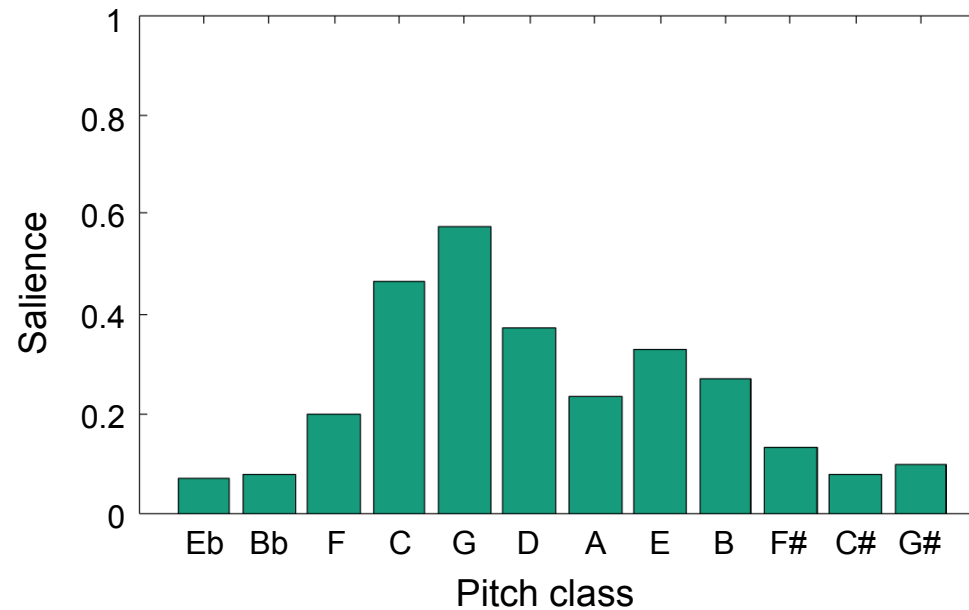
- Global chroma statistics (audio)
- **1725** – J. S. Bach, Orchestral Suite No. 4 BWV 1069, 1. Overture (D major)



Circle of fifths →

Tonal Structures: Complexity

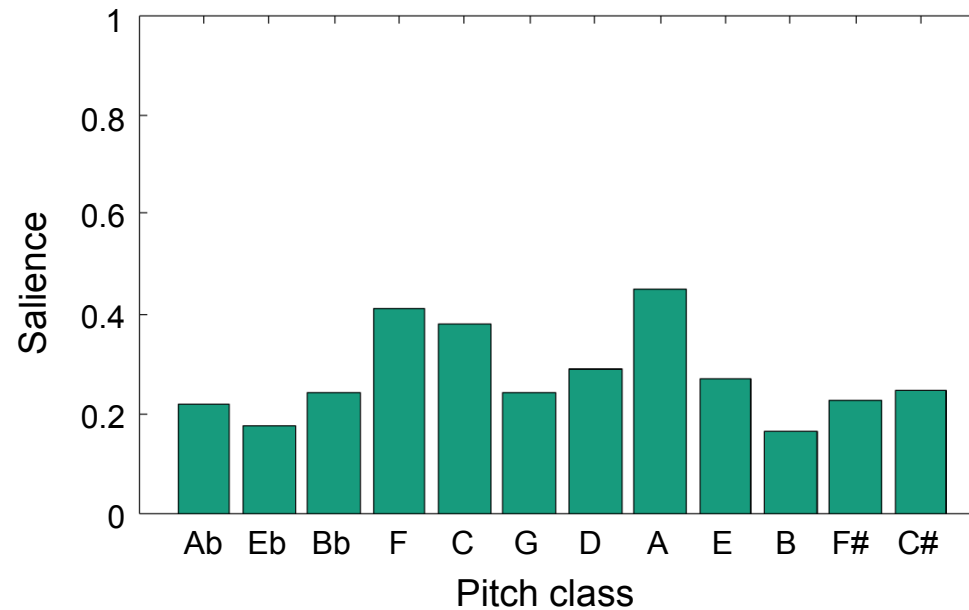
- Global chroma statistics (audio)
- **1783** – W. A. Mozart, „Linz“ symphony KV 425, 1. Adagio / Allegro (C major)



Circle of fifths →

Tonal Structures: Complexity

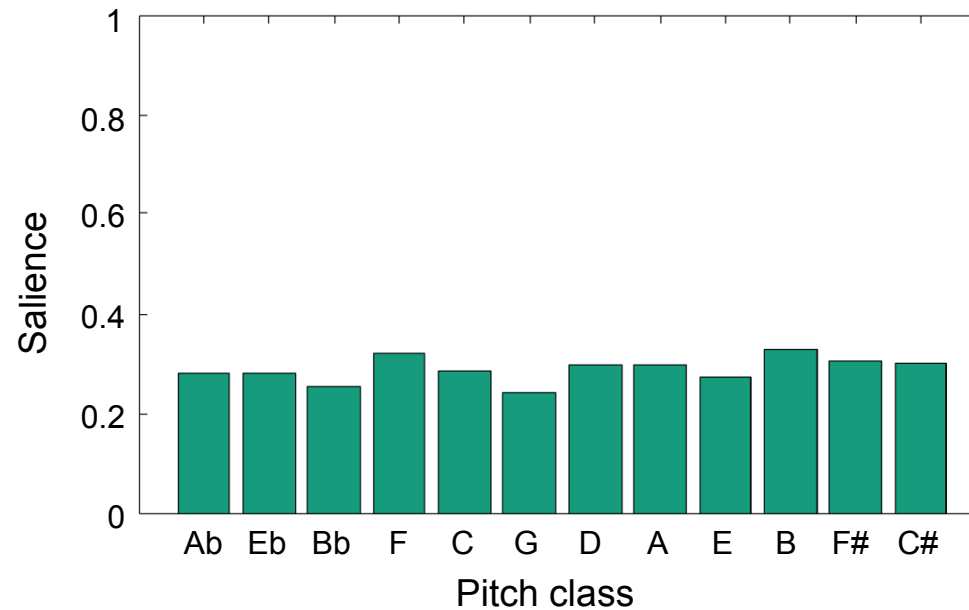
- Global chroma statistics (audio)
- **1883** – J. Brahms, Symphony No. 3, 1. Allegro con brio (F major)



Circle of fifths →

Tonal Structures: Complexity

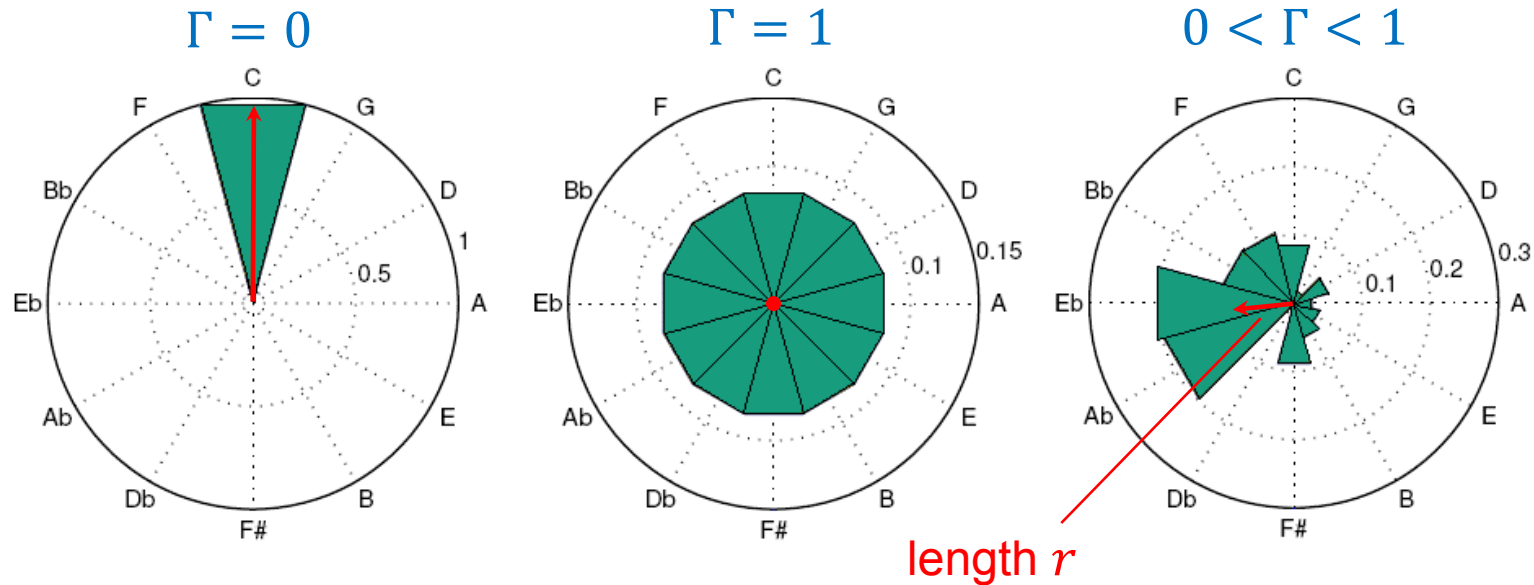
- Global chroma statistics (audio)
- **1940** – A. Webern, Variations for Orchestra op. 30



Circle of fifths →

Tonal Structures: Complexity

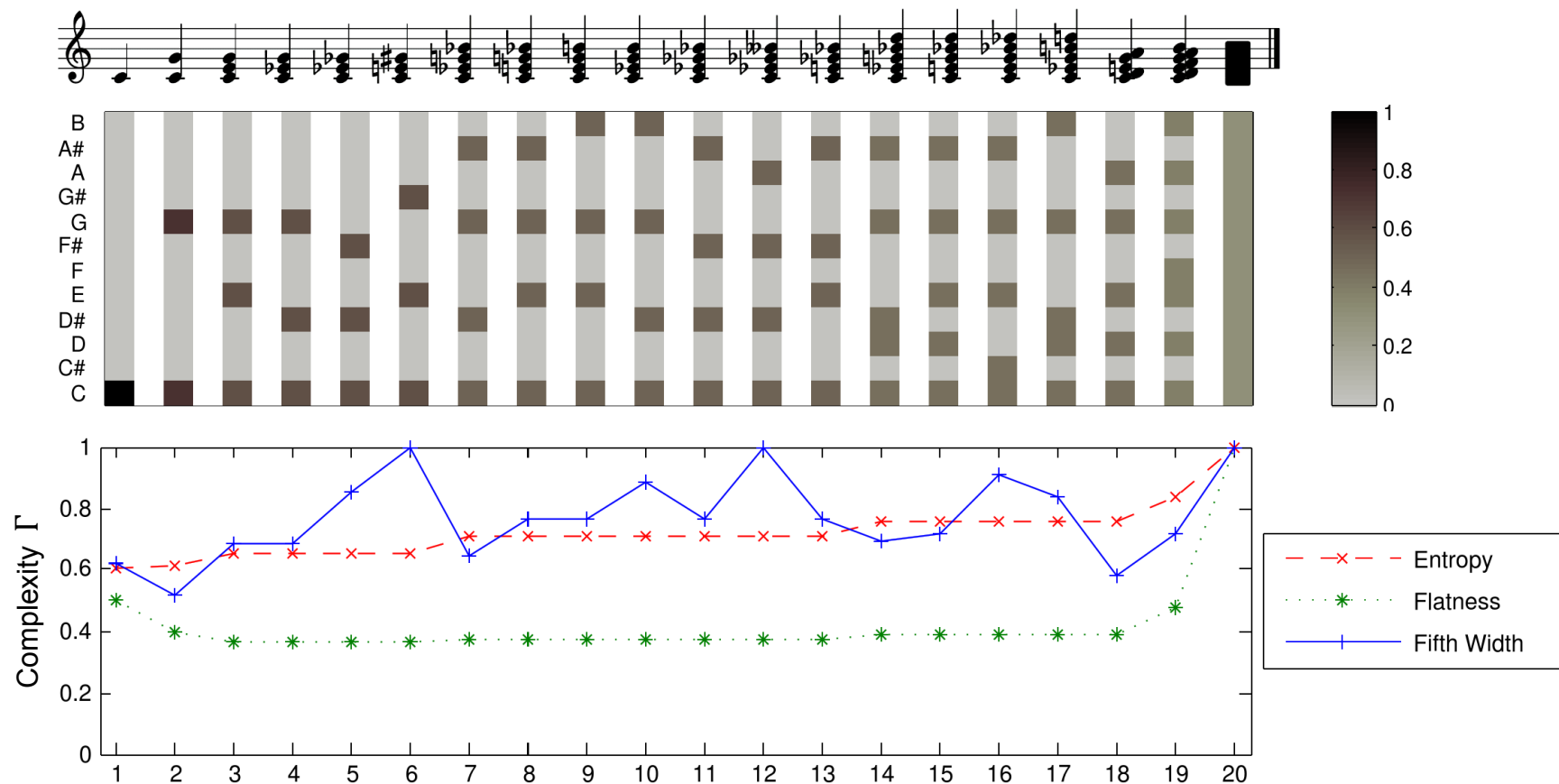
- Realization of complexity measure Γ
 - Entropy / Flatness measures
 - Distribution over *Circle of Fifths*



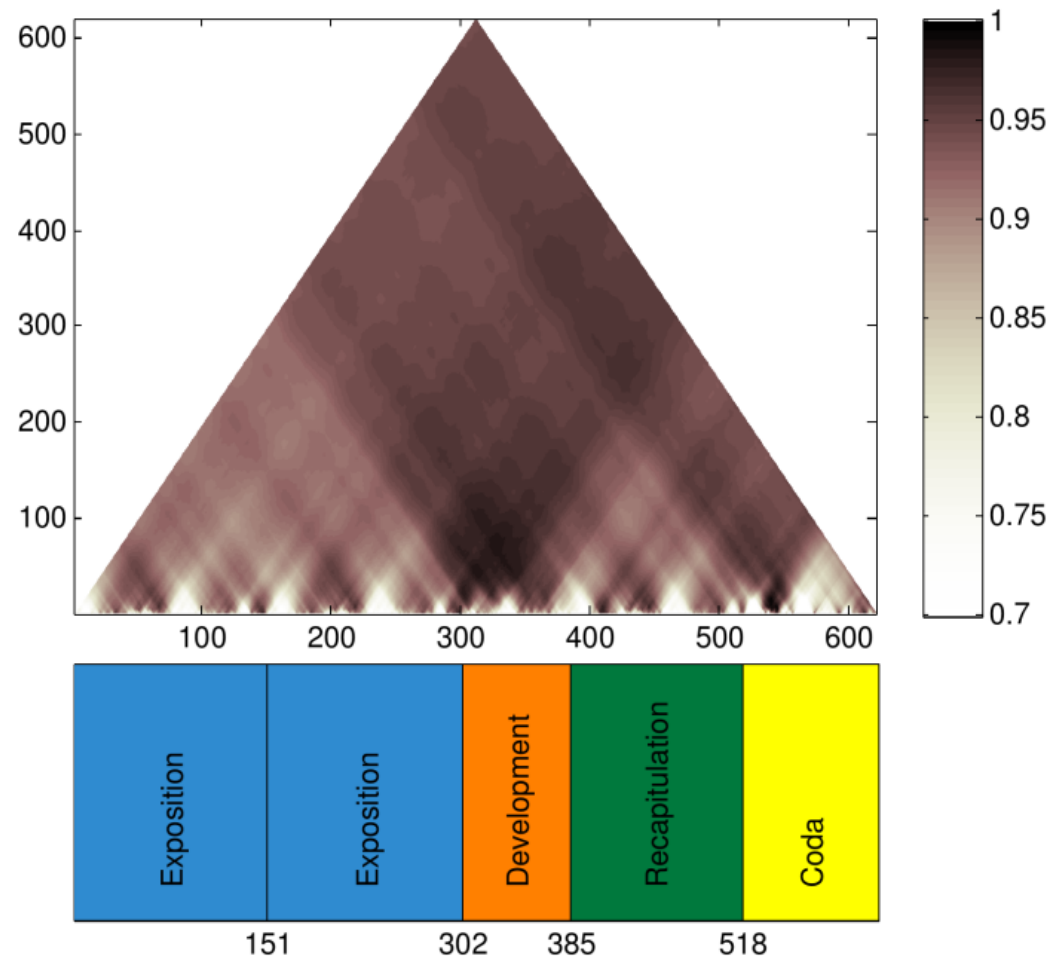
$$\Gamma = \sqrt{1 - r}$$

- Relating to different time scales!

Tonal Structures: Complexity

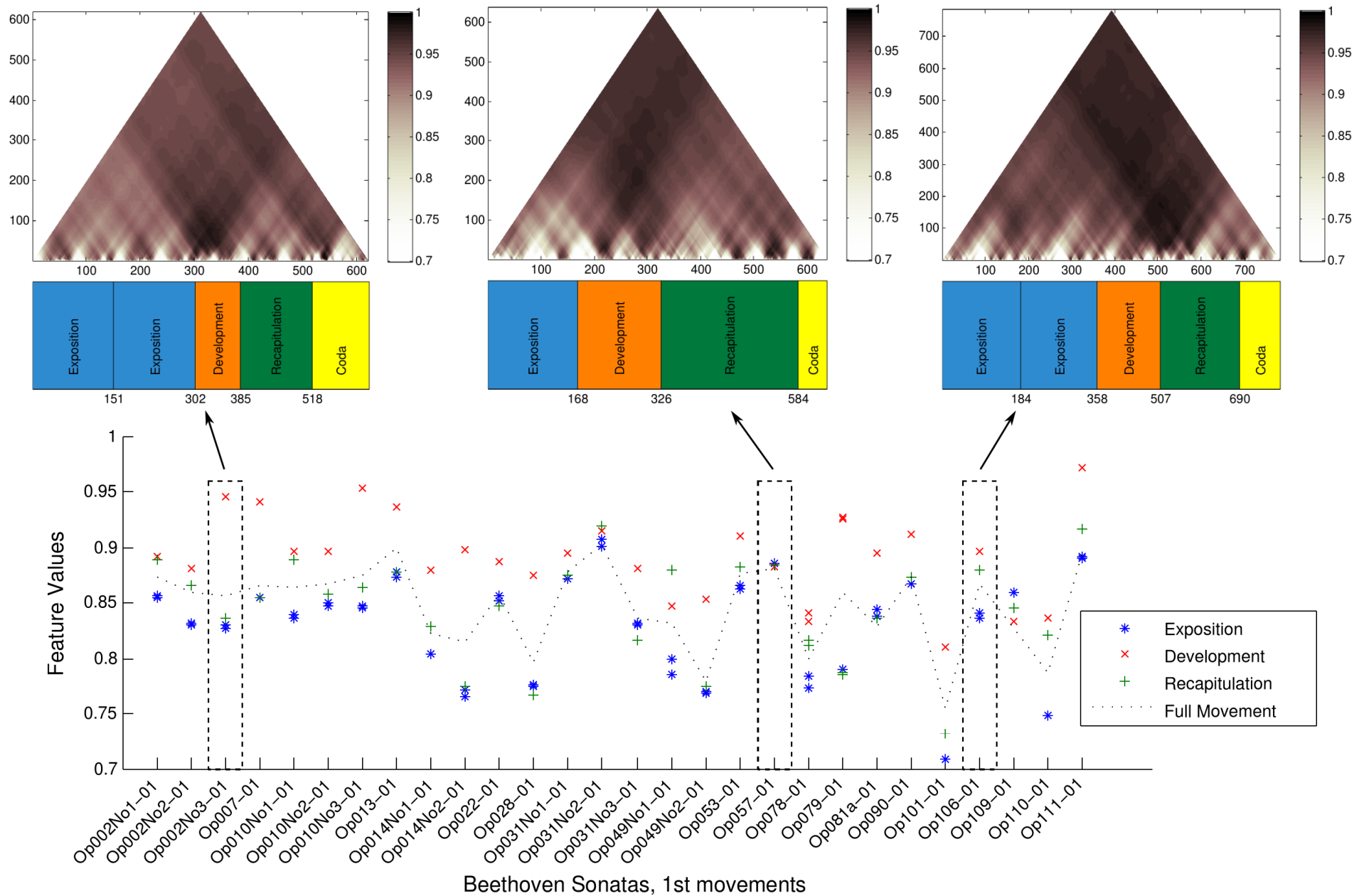


Tonal Structures: Complexity

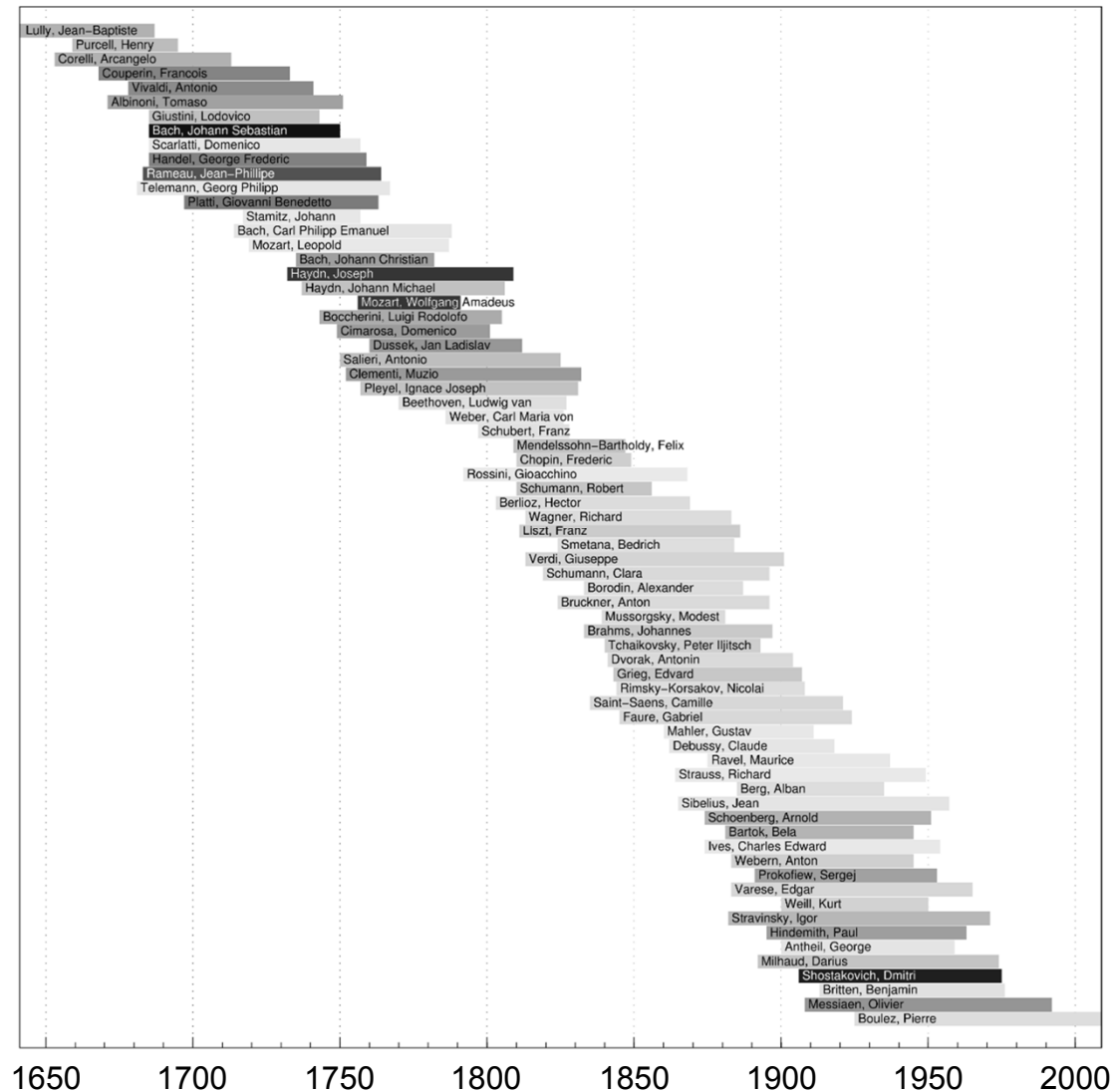


L. van Beethoven
Sonata Op. 2, No. 3
1st movement

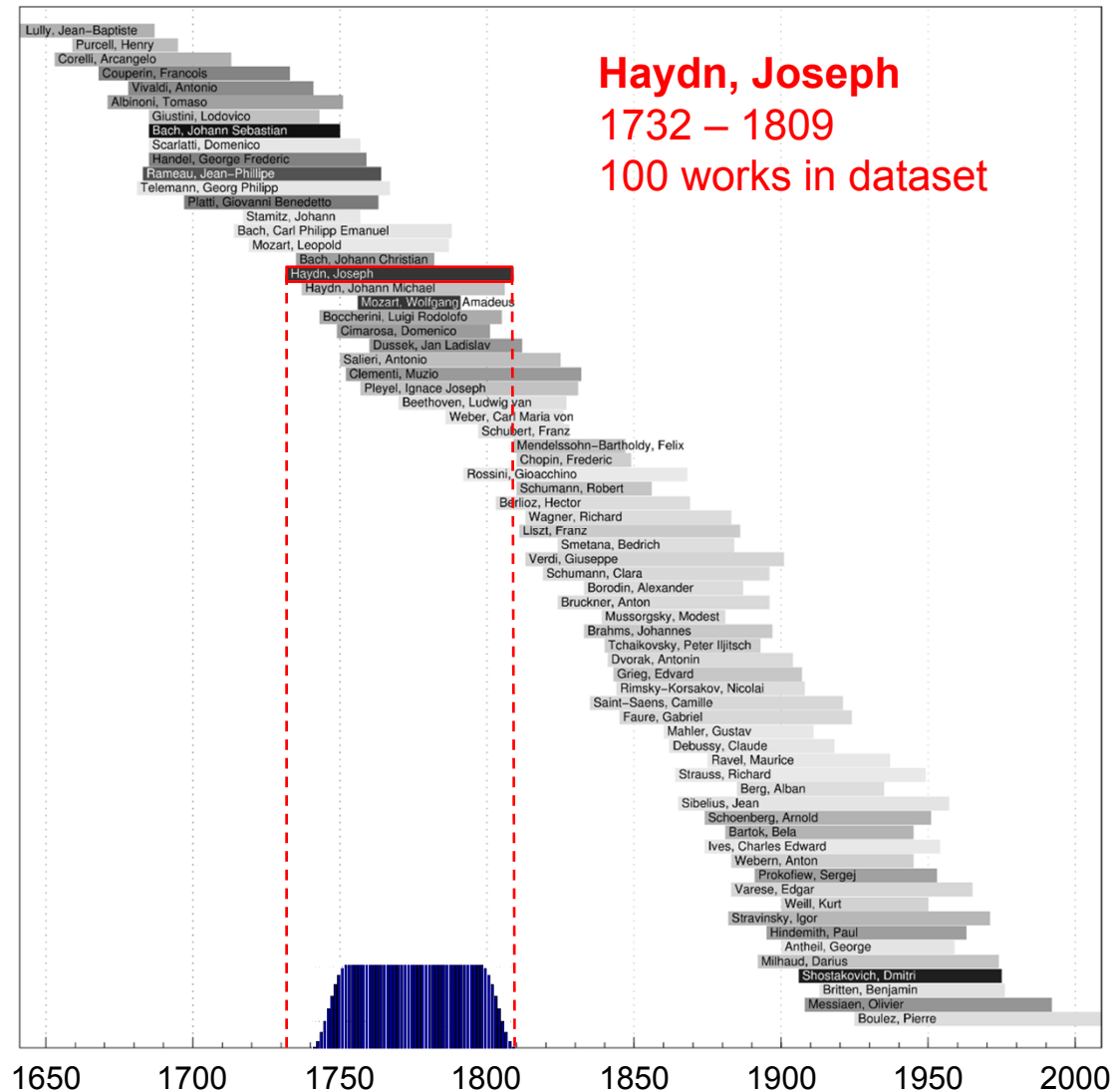
Tonal Structures: Complexity



Tonal Structures: Complexity



Tonal Structures: Complexity



Tonal Structures: Complexity

