

- Sebastian Ewert and Mark B. Sandler: Structured Dropout for Weak Label and Multi-Instance Learning and Its Application to Score-Informed Source Separation. Proc. ICASSP, 2017.
- Tim Zunner: Neural Networks with Nonnegativity Constraints for Decomposing Music Recordings. Master Thesis, FAU, 2021.
- Edgar Andrés Suárez Guarnizo: DNN-Based Matrix Factorization with Applications to Drum Sound Decomposition. Master Thesis, FAU, 2020.

## Score-Informed Source Separation

Exploit musical score to support decomposition process







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Exploit musical score to support decomposition process







## **NMF** Optimization

Optimization problem:

Given  $V \in \mathbb{R}_{\geq 0}^{K imes N}$  and rank parameter  $extsf{R}$  minimize

 $\|V - WH\|^2$ 

with respect to  $W \in \mathbb{R}_{\geq 0}^{K imes R}$  and  $H \in \mathbb{R}_{\geq 0}^{R imes N}$ .

Optimization not easy:

- Nonnegativity constraints
- Nonconvexity when jointly optimizing W and H

Strategy: Iteratively optimize W and H via gradient descent

## **NMF** Optimization

#### Computation of gradient with respect to H (fixed W)

D := RN $\boldsymbol{\varphi}^W:\mathbb{R}^D\to\mathbb{R}$  $\varphi^W(H) := \|V - WH\|^2$   $\frac{\partial \varphi^{W}}{\partial H_{\rho \nu}} = \frac{\partial \left( \sum_{k=1}^{K} \sum_{n=1}^{N} \left( V_{kn} - \sum_{r=1}^{R} W_{kr} H_{rn} \right)^{2} \right)}{\partial H_{\rho \nu}}$ 

#### Variables

 $H \in \mathbb{R}^{R imes N}$  $H_{\rho v}$  $ho \in [1:R]$  $v \in [1:N]$ 

#### **NMF** Optimization

Computation of gradient with respect to H (fixed W) D := RN $\boldsymbol{\varphi}^W:\mathbb{R}^D\to\mathbb{R}$  $\varphi^W(H) := \|V - WH\|^2$ 

## Variables

 $H \in \mathbb{R}^{R \times N}$  $H_{\rho\nu}$  $\rho \in [1:R]$  $v \in [1:N]$ 

# **NMF** Optimization

#### Computation of gradient with respect to H (fixed W)

 $\frac{\partial \varphi^{W}}{\partial H_{\rho v}} = \frac{\partial \left( \sum_{k=1}^{K} \sum_{n=1}^{N} \left( V_{kn} - \sum_{r=1}^{R} W_{kr} H_{rn} \right)^{2} \right)}{\partial H_{\rho v}}$  $= \frac{\partial \left( \sum_{k=1}^{K} \left( V_{kv} - \sum_{r=1}^{R} W_{kr} H_{rv} \right)^{2} \right)}{\partial H_{\rho v}}$ D := RN $\boldsymbol{\varphi}^W:\mathbb{R}^D
ightarrow\mathbb{R}$  $\varphi^W(H) := \|V - WH\|^2$ Variables Summand that does  $H \in \mathbb{R}^{R imes N}$ not depend on  $H_{\rho\nu}$ must be zero  $H_{\rho v}$  $\rho \in [1:R]$  $v \in [1:N]$ 

## **NMF** Optimization

### Computation of gradient with respect to H (fixed W)

D := RN $\boldsymbol{\varphi}^W:\mathbb{R}^D\to\mathbb{R}$  $\varphi^W(H) := \|V - WH\|^2$ 

 $\frac{\partial \varphi^{W}}{\partial H_{\rho v}} = \frac{\partial \left( \sum_{k=1}^{K} \sum_{n=1}^{N} \left( V_{kn} - \sum_{r=1}^{R} W_{kr} H_{rn} \right)^{2} \right)}{\partial H_{\rho v}}$  $W_{k\rho}$ )

Variables  $H \in \mathbb{R}^{R imes N}$ 

 $H_{\rho v}$  $\rho \in [1:R]$  $\mathbf{v} \in [1:N]$ 

$$= \frac{\partial \left( \sum_{k=1}^{K} \left( V_{k\nu} - \sum_{r=1}^{R} W_{kr} H_{r\nu} \right)^2 \right)}{\partial H_{\rho\nu}}$$
$$= \sum_{k=1}^{K} 2 \left( V_{k\nu} - \sum_{r=1}^{R} W_{kr} H_{r\nu} \right) \cdot \left( -\frac{1}{2} \right)$$
Apply chain rule from calculus

**NMF** Optimization

#### Computation of gradient with respect to H (fixed W)

D := RN	$\frac{\partial \varphi^{W}}{\partial \varphi^{W}} = \frac{\partial \left(\sum_{k=1}^{K} \sum_{n=1}^{N} \left(V_{kn} - \sum_{r=1}^{R} W_{kr} H_{rn}\right)^{2}\right)}{\partial \varphi^{W}}$
$\phi^{,.}:\mathbb{R}^{p} ightarrow\mathbb{R}$	$\partial H_{\rho\nu}$ $\partial H_{\rho\nu}$
$\varphi^W(H) := \ V - WH\ ^2$	$=\frac{\partial\left(\sum_{k=1}^{K}\left(V_{k\nu}-\sum_{r=1}^{R}W_{kr}H_{r\nu}\right)^{2}\right)}{\partial H_{\rho\nu}}$
Variables	$= \sum_{k=1}^{K} 2 \left( V_{k\nu} - \sum_{r=1}^{R} W_{kr} H_{r\nu} \right) \cdot (-W_{k\rho})$
$H \in \mathbb{R}^{R  imes N}$	
$H_{\rho\nu}$	$= 2 \left( \sum_{r=1}^{R} \sum_{k=1}^{K} W_{k\rho} W_{kr} H_{r\nu} - \sum_{k=1}^{K} W_{k\rho} V_{k\nu} \right)$
$ ho \in [1:R]$	
$\mathbf{v} \in [1:N]$	Rearrange
, c [r m]	summands

### NMF Optimization

Computation of gradient with respect to H (fixed W)

$$\begin{split} D &:= RN \\ \varphi^W : \mathbb{R}^D \to \mathbb{R} \\ \varphi^W(H) &:= \|V - WH\|^2 \end{split}$$

Variables $H \in \mathbb{R}^{R imes N}$  $H_{
hov}$ 

 $\rho \in [1:R]$ 

 $v \in [1:N]$ 

 $\frac{\partial \varphi^{W}}{\partial H_{\rho v}} = \frac{\partial \left( \sum_{k=1}^{K} \sum_{n=1}^{N} \left( V_{kn} - \sum_{r=1}^{R} W_{kr} H_{rn} \right)^{2} \right)}{\partial H_{\rho v}}$   $= \frac{\partial \left( \sum_{k=1}^{K} \left( V_{kv} - \sum_{r=1}^{R} W_{kr} H_{rv} \right)^{2} \right)}{\partial H_{\rho v}}$   $= \sum_{k=1}^{K} 2 \left( V_{kv} - \sum_{r=1}^{R} W_{kr} H_{rv} \right) \cdot \left( -W_{k\rho} \right)$   $= 2 \left( \sum_{r=1}^{R} \sum_{k=1}^{K} W_{k\rho} W_{kr} H_{rv} - \sum_{k=1}^{K} W_{k\rho} V_{kv} \right)$   $= 2 \left( \sum_{r=1}^{R} \left( \sum_{k=1}^{K} W_{\rho k}^{\top} W_{kr} \right) H_{rv} - \sum_{k=1}^{K} W_{\rho k}^{\top} V_{kv} \right)$ Introduce
transposed  $W^{\top}$ 

# NMF Optimization

Computation of gradient with respect to H (fixed W)



### NMF Optimization Gradient descent

Initialization  $H^{(0)} \in \mathbb{R}^{R \times N}$ Iteration for  $\ell = 0, 1, 2, ...$ 

$$H_{rn}^{(\ell+1)} = H_{rn}^{(\ell)} - \gamma_{rn}^{(\ell)} \cdot \left( \left( W^{\top} W H^{(\ell)} \right)_{rn} - \left( W^{\top} V \right)_{rn} \right)$$

with suitable learning rate  $\gamma_{rn}^{(\ell)} \ge 0$ 

### NMF Optimization Gradient descent

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Issues:

- How to do the initialization?
- How to choose the learning rate?
- How to ensure nonnegativity?



How to ensure nonnegativity?















![](_page_11_Figure_0.jpeg)

#### **Reconstruction of Sound Events**

- Reconstruction via spectral masking (Wiener filtering)
- Alternative: Resynthesis approach
- Differentiable Digital Signal Processing (DDSP) combines classical DSP and deep learning
- Generative adversarial networks may help to reduce the artifacts

Lecture 8: Recurrent and Generative Adversarial Network Architectures for Text-to-Speech

## Book: Fundamentals of Music Processing

![](_page_12_Picture_7.jpeg)

#### Meinard Müller

Fundamentals of Music Processing Audio, Analysis, Algorithms, Applications 483 p., 249 illus., hardcover ISBN: 978-3-319-21944-8 Springer, 2015

Accompanying website: www.music-processing.de

# Selected Topics in Deep Learning for Audio, Speech, and Music Processing

- 1. Introduction to Audio and Speech Processing
- 2. Introduction to Music Processing
- 3. Permutation Invariant Training Techniques for Speech Separation
- 4. Deep Clustering for Single-Channel Ego-Noise Suppression
- 5. Music Source Separation
- 6. Nonnegative Autoencoders with Applications to Music Audio Decomposing
- 7. Attention in Sound Source Localization and Speaker Extraction
- 8. Recurrent and Generative Adversarial Network Architectures for Textto-Speech
- 9. Connectionist Temporal Classification (CTC) Loss with Applications to Theme-Based Music Retrieval
- 10. From Theory to Practise

## Book: Fundamentals of Music Processing

![](_page_12_Picture_23.jpeg)

Meinard Müller Fundamentals of Music Processing Audio, Analysis, Algorithms, Applications 483 p., 249 illus., hardcover ISBN: 978-3-319-21944-8 Springer, 2015

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## Software & Audio: FMP Notebooks

![](_page_12_Picture_27.jpeg)

## https://www.audiolabs-erlangen.de/FMP